| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|---|-------------------|--|-----------------------|-------------------|--|----------------------|--|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 220 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | This bill: | | | | | | | |
| HB 0002 | Public Education Budget Amendments | Whyte, Stephen L. | Increases an educator salary adjustment; *establishes a salary bonus for certain education support professionals; *repeals provisions regarding programs for which funding is eliminated, including: *Technology-Life-Careers; *student leadership organizations; *professional staff weighted pupil units; *the Capital Outlay Enrollment Growth Program; and *a pilot grant for professional learning; *repeals a statutory increase for the legacy iteration of the Carson Smith Scholarship Program; *provides appropriations for the use and support of school districts, charter schools and state education agencies; *adjusts the number of weighted pupil units for Career and Technical Education (CTE) *Add-on, Professional Staff, and Special Education-Impact Aid WPU programs to reflect increased student weightings approved by the Legislature; *makes certain statutory changes to adjust programmatic formulas with funding changes; *provides appropriations for other purposes as described; *provides intent language; *provides a coordination clause to adopt and supersede S.B. 321, Public Education Funding Amendments, regarding the state guarantee for local property tax levies; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Urah residents or businesses. | | |
| НВ.7 | National Guard, Veterans Affairs, and Legislature Base Budget | Peterson, Val L. | This bill supplements or reduces appropriations otherwise provided for the support and operation of state government for the fiscal year beginning july 1, 2024 and ending june 30, 2025 and appropriates funds for the support and operation of state government for the fiscal year beginning july 1, 2025 and ending june 30, 2026. Highlighted Provisions: This bill: Provides appropriations for the use and support of certain state agencies; Provides appropriations for other purposes as described; Provides appropriations for other purposes as described; Provides appropriates this Bill: This bill appropriates \$44,1900 in operating and capital budgets for fiscal year 2025, including: \$2,150,000 from General Fund; and \$2,261,900 from warious sources as detailed in this bill. This bill appropriates \$13,126,400 in expendable funds and accounts for fiscal year 2025, all of which is from the various sources as detailed in this bill. This bill appropriates \$1412,524,500 in operating and capital budgets for fiscal year 2026, including: \$12,780,200 from General Fund; and \$472,780,200 from General Fund; and \$472,780,200 from General Fund; and \$473,890,000 from warious sources as detailed in this bill. This bill appropriates \$4,852,000 from warious sources as detailed in this bill. This bill appropriates \$4,852,000 from warious sources as detailed in this bill. This bill appropriates \$4,852,000 from warious sources as detailed in this bill. This bill appropriates \$5,000,000 in restricted fund and account transfers for fiscal year 2026, including: \$5,009,500 from warious sources as detailed in this bill. Other Special Clauses: This bill provides a special effective date. Section 1 of this bill take effect immediately. Section 2 and Section 3 of this bill take effect on July 1, 2025. | Governor Signed | None | Local Government Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & Businesses Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUc/ 36 -12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 8 Sub. 2 | State Agency and Higher Education Compensation Appropriations | Brooks, Walt | This bill: - provides funding for a 2.5% labor market increase for state agency employees and discretionary pay increases equal to 2.5% for elected official, judiciary, and higher education employees: - provides funding for a 1% one-time pay for performance increase for state employees and discretionary bounses equal to 1% one-time for employees of elected officials and the judiciary provides funding for health and dental benefit cost changes as recommended by the Public Employees Health Programs; - provides funding for health and dental benefit cost changes as recommended by the Public Employees Health Programs; - provides funding for the retrement rate changes for certain state employees are recommended by the Utah Retirement Systems; - provides funding for other compensation adjustments as authorized. Money Appropriated in this Bill: This bill appropriates \$19,958,200 in operating and capital budgets for fiscal year 2025, including: - (\$14,00,900) from General Fund; - (\$14,00,900) from General Fund; - (\$14,00,700) from more Tax Fund; and - \$20,407,200 from various sources as detailed in this bill. This bill appropriates \$71,900 in expendable funds and accounts for fiscal year 2025. This bill appropriates \$51,900 in operating and capital budgets for fiscal year 2025. This bill appropriates \$71,000 in expendable funds and account transfers for fiscal year 2025, all of which is from the General Fund. This bill appropriates \$13,05,600 in operating and capital budgets for fiscal year 2025, all of which is from the General Fund. This bill appropriates \$13,000 from General Fund; - \$33,041,600 from Income Tax Fund; and - \$55,579,800 from warious sources as detailed in this bill. This bill appropriates \$13,000 in expendable funds and account transfers for fiscal year 2026, including: - \$33,041,600 from income Tax Fund; and - \$312,700 from warious sources as detailed in this bill. This bill appropriates \$10,000 in expendable funds and account transfers for fiscal year 2026, including: - \$33,000 from General F | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation)R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-192/x0 of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | > |
| HB 12 Sub. 4 | Division of Purchasing and General Services Amendments | Peterson, Val L. | This bill: -defines a term; -defines a term; -defines in the purchasing from Persons with Disabilities Advisory Board (PPDAB) to form an association to assist the PPDAB with its functions; -authorizes the PPDAB to contract with a person to assist the PPDAB with its functions; -codifies that awarding a contract to a vendor is not the creation of a contract with the vendor; -prohibits the inclusion of certain contractual provisions in a procurement contract, with exceptions; -codifies that the state and a procurement unit may not be held liable for certain types of damages; and -makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 236 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) | | | | |
| HB 13 | Sexual Extortion Armendments | Wilcox, Ryan D. | Amends the crime of sexual extortion to include the act of threatening to distribute a counterfeit intimate image. | Governor Signed | None | Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | School Safety, Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HB 20_Sub. 2 | Property Tax Code Recodification | Welton, Douglas R. | This bill: *recodifies: -Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 12, Property Tax Relief; -Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement; and -Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 18, Tax Deferral and Tax Abatement; and -Title 59, Chapter 2, Part 19, Armed Forces Exemptions; -creates a General Provisions part that Carlifies the procedures and rights available for each type of tax relief; and -makes technical and conforming changes. Money Appropriated in this Bill: | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HB 23 Sub. 2 | Insurance Modifications | Dunnigan, James A. | This bill: -defines terms: -darfies the circumstances under which a public agency insurance mutual or a reserve fund is exempt from the Insurance Code; -maneds provisions related to dual licensing; -amends provisions related to dual licensing; -amends provisions relating to money appropriated from the Captive insurance Restricted Account; -clarifies that an insurer does not need to file a certification that a non-English policy is in compilance with relevant laws; -aligns state law with federal rules relating to preexisting condition limitations; -limits the scope by which the Insurance Department can issue a walver for a license; -clarifies that the commissioner may take an action against a licensee if the licensee fails to pay a final judgment within 60 days; -dadds additional reporting requirements for a licensee against whom a judgment has been entered; -changes the reporting period for agency title insurance producers; -amends provisions relating to captive insurance companies; -reduces the minimum capital requirement for an association captive insurance company; -allows a captive insurance company to be formed as a not-for-profit organization; -clarifies that officers of a captive insurance investments; -amends requirements relating to a sponsored captive insurance company's business; -amends the grounds under which the commissioner may revoke the certificate of authority of a captive insurance company; -modifies the requirements for a small employer stop-loss insurance contract; -provides a transition period for existing small employer stop-loss insurance contracts; -provides a transition period for existing small employer stop-loss insurance contracts; | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | > |
| HB 24 Sub. 2 | Limitations on Liability Amendments | Abbott, Nelson T. | This bill: *extends the sunset date for a statute addressing the liability of an employer for an employee convicted of an offense. | Governor Signed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation)R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small reduction in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| DILL3 - | 236 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) | | | | |
| HB 25 Sub. 1 | Reitrement Amendments | Acton, Cheryl K. | This bill: *modifies record retention requirements for a participating employer in the Utah Retirement Systems; *amends provisions relating to an entity eligible to withdraw from participation in the Utah Retirement Systems; and *repeals a section that allows PEHP Health and Benefits to implement a prescribing policy for certain opioid prescriptions. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ∨ |
| HB 27 Sub. 1 | Voting Precinct Amendments | Dunnigan, James A. | This bill: -authorizes a county legislative body to establish a voting precinct consisting of two or more noncontiguous geographic areas in certain circumstances; -requires the name of a voting precinct to be distinguishable from any other voting precinct; -authorizes the county clerk to adjust the boundaries of a voting precinct in order to: -authorizes the county clerk to adjust the boundaries of a voting precinct in order to: -match the current boundaries of a local political subdivision; or -match the resulting boundaries of a local subdivision that expands, divides, alters, or -match the resulting boundaries of a local subdivision that expands, divides, alters, or -match the resulting boundaries of a local subdivision that expands, divides, alters, or -match the resulting boundaries; -requires a county clerk who adjusts the boundaries; -requires a county clerk who adjusts the boundaries of a voting precinct to: -file a notice with the Utah Geospatial Resource Center at least 65 days before the date of an election; and -provide a copy of the notice to the county legislative body; and -makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | \ |
| HB 30 | Indian Family Preservation Act Amendments | Romero, Angela | This bill: -enacts the Indian Family Preservation Act (state act), including: -defining terms; -addressing effective date and severability; -requiring inquiry into Indian status; -providing for what constitutes best interests of an Indian child; -addressing jurisdiction over child custody proceedings; -providing for actions related to pending court proceedings; -stating parental rights; -providing for voluntary termination of rights; -establishing how consent or other actions are invalidated; -addressing placement of Indian children; | House/ filed | None | Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 40 Sub. 7 | School Safety Amendments | Wilcox, Ryan D. | This bill: -defines terms; -modifies communication device requirements for new construction to post-completion determination; -revises screening and training requirements for school safety personnel; -adjusts school safety personnel provisions; -dhanges safety assessment deadlines and frequency; -establishes a school safety foundation for certain purposes; -recates compliance supports; -modifies certain administrative structures within the school safety program; and -makes technical changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local Government UCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Local government entities could experience the following estimated expenditure impacts beginning in FY 2026: 1. Prosecutors - \$4,200 increase; 2. Public Defense - \$8,200 increase; 2. Public Defense - \$8,200 increase; 2. Public Defense - \$8,200 increase; 3. Public Defense - \$8,200 increase. To the extent LEAs cannot mitigate costs by applying to the School Safety and Support Grant Program, enactment of this legislation could cost Local Education Agencies (LEAs) in aggregate \$3,255,000 ongoing in FY 2026 for public safety answering point (PSAP) access to security cameras, mental health screenings, and trainings as well as \$43,713,000 one- time in FY 2026 for surveillance cameras, window security, incident response systems, and firearms training. To the extent a fire code official determines emergency responder communication coverage in a new school building is sufficient, enactment of this legislation ould reduce equipment costs by an estimated \$80,000 one-time; the aggregate impact is unkown. To the extent county security chiefs delegate training and ongoing security needs assessments to police departments, county sheriff costs could increase in aggregate by \$18,900 ongoing and police department costs could increase in aggregate by \$238,400 ongoing beginning in FY 2026. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36- | School Safety, Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance Evaluation[R1- 4-601 This bill This bill expands an existing program. | |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 42 Sub. 1. | English Learner Amendments | Pierucci, Candice B. | This bill: *defines a term; *provides a local education agency (LEA) with emergency funding if enrollment of students learning English meets or exceeds a threshold; *requires the state board to oversee an application process and distribute emergency funds; and *instructs an LEA on the use of emergency funds. | House/ to Governor | None | State Government Enactment of this legislation could cost the Utah State Board of Education \$10,000 one-time from the Income Tax Fund and \$5 million ongoing from the Uniform School Fund beginning in FY 2026 to establish and provide grants for as outlined in the bill. USBE has indicated that they can absorb these costs with current staff and allocations from the Enrollment Contingency Fund. | Teaching and Learning | | | V |
| HB 43 | Education Program Sunset Amendments | Peterson, Karen M. | This bill: extends sunset dates related to public education programs; and makes technical changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Teaching and Learning, Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | ✓ |
| HB.50 | Occupational Safety and Health Amendments | Dunnigan, James A. | This bill: increases certain Utah Occupational Health and Safety civil penalties. | Governor Signed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that the Labor Commission issues penalties up to the maximum amount, enactment of this legislation could increase civil penalties to employers in the following ways: a potential increase of \$2.478 up to a max of \$16,131 for each general violation, a potential increase of between \$1,765 and \$24,791 (\$11,518 to a max of \$16,1323) for each cited willful violation, a potential increase of \$2.478 up to a max of \$161,323 for each day increase of \$2.478 up to a max of \$161,315 for each day that a violation continues uncorrected, and a potential increase of \$2.478 up to a max of \$16,131 for each day that a violation continues uncorrected, and a potential increase of \$2.478 up to a max of \$16,131 for each violation of a posting requirement. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/0) Emactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| HB 52 Sub. 2 | Health Insurance Modifications | Pierucci, Candice B. | This bill: *defines terms; *requires an insurer to calculate drug or device discount coupons on behalf of an individual towards the individual's cost sharing requirement unless certain circumstances are met; *requires a entity that provides a drug or device discount coupon to allow the full amount of the coupon amount to be used for the drug or device; and *provides an exception to the requirements for a qualifying health benefit plan. | House/filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could increase healthcare costs for local governments by \$1,640,100 beginning in FY 2026 as well as increase healthcare costs for schools by \$1,006,900 beginning in FY 2026. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation)R1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a medium increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 60 Sub. 4 | State Income Tax Amendments | Eliason, Steve | This bill: *repeals obsolete language; *provides the scope of the State Tax Commission's authority to share income tax return information with the Department of Workforce Services to determine eligibility for public assistance; *provides the circumstances under which there is an annual limit on the total amount of interest that the commission pays; *requires a payment settlement entity, such as a marketplace facilitator, to file certain federal forms with the State Tax Commission; *clarifies what is a commercial unit for purposes of claiming a commercial energy system tax credit: *updates the circumstances under which an individual is exempt from individual income tax; *requires a deduction for individuals who have to repay social security that is subject to income tax; *provides for the repeal of the enterprise zone tax credit, which, by statute, automatically expired; *extends the carry forward period for a tax credit available to a pass-through entity taxpayer who receives income from a pass-through entity that paid the income tax on the income: *provides the circumstances for the automatic removal of refundable individual income tax credits from the income tax return; and *makes technical changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Individuals that have to repay social security that is subject to income tax could see a tax reduction of \$15,000 in the aggregate from the creation of a subtraction from income. The modification of the circumstances under which an individual is exempt from individual income tax could result in an aggregate net tax increase of \$75,000 for a small number of taxpayers. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HB 62 | Property Tax Act Modifications | Eliason, Steve | This bill: establishes an application deadline for the residential property tax exemption; modifies the contents of the residential property declaration signed by an owner of residential property, clarifies the circumstances under which land that is less than five acres in area may qualify for agricultural property tax assessment, clarifies a taxpayer's ability to appeal decisions related to tax deferral and tax abatement to the State Tax Commission; requires the State Tax Commission to report to the Legislature if certain rules are promulgated; and makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ∀ |
| HB 64 | Public Official Bonding Amendments | Dunnigan, James A. | This bill amends provisions relating to bonds required for public officials and employees to protect against malfeasance or misfeasance in office and replaces the requirement to post a bond with a requirement to obtain crime insurance. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HB 75 Sub. 2 | Reauthorization of Administrative Rules | Birkeland, Kera | This bill: • reauthorizes administrative rules. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 76 Sub. 1 | Public Education Revisions | Miller, Tracy | This bill: *removes duplicative language regarding a college and career readiness plan; *removes duplicative language regarding a college and the upcoming replacement Salary Supplement for Highly Needed Educators program to allow a local education agency (LEA) that experiences a carry forward or leftower balance to increase the amount the LEA provides to teachers under certain circumstances; *adds the Utah Schools for the beal and the Billow das an LEA that may participate in the Salary Supplement for Highly Needed Educators program; *increases the portion of appropriated funding the Sate Board of Education (state board) is statutorily authorized to expend for administrative costs for early literacy software, including the cost of an independent software evaluator; *amends provisions regarding kindergarten to: *allow a child to enroll in kindergarten if the child moves to Utah after having enrolled in kindergarten in another state with different age requirements for enrollment; and *repeal a requirement for the state board to create a process for an LEA to follow when an enrolled student in kindergarten is not tollet-trained; *amends provisions regarding early learning plans to: *reduce requirements for the plans that LEA submit to the state board; and *repeal a requirement for the state board to use a digital platform to communicate with LEA regarding early learning; *amends provisions related to school fees to ensure that a school is not prohibited from charging a fee for a fine arts course; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | Support | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(Z)(C) Enactment of this legislation may allow Local Education Agencies (LEAs) to enhance teacher compensation through the Teacher Salary Supplement Program for the Highly Needed Educators program. This legislation could reduce allocations to LEAs for the Early Interactive Reading program by \$255,000 reducing the amount of money available for reading licenses. Additionally, LEAs could see an increase in local revenue if they opt to charge additional fees for fine arts elective courses. If these additional fees account for approximately half of current curricular fees, LEAs could generate up to \$13 million in local revenue. The actual impact will depend on LEAs' decisions to implement this provision and student participation levels. All of these changes would take effect beginning in FY 2026. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(C) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Early Learning | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create new program or significantly expand an existing program. | V |
| HB 77 Sub. 1 | Flag Display Amendments | Lee, Trevor | defines terms; - Allows a local education agency to display in a public school or charter school facility or grounds the following flags: - the official United States flag; - an official Utah state flag; - a POW/MIA flag; - la flag that cannot be disturbed or altered; - a flag that represents an Indian trible; - a flag that represents a city, county, municipality, or political subdivision of the state; - a current and official flag of a country or subdivision of that country; - a current and official flag of a country or subdivision of that country; - an official public school flag or - a flag that represents a Utah college or university; - an official public school flag or - a flag that represents a branch, unit, or division of the United States military; - allows a public school or charter school to temporarily display a flag in a classroom that is a part of approved course curriculum; and - allows an organization authorized to use a public school or charter school facility to temporarily display the organization's flag while the organization is using the public school or charter school facility. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | UPAAC, Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | S |
| HB 100 Sub. 3 | Food Security Amendments | Clancy, Tyler | This bill: •defines terms; •provides certain students access to lunch at no charge; •requires the State Board of Education to reimburse each local education agency (LEA) for certain reduced price lunches; •prohibits an LEA from stigmatizing students who cannot afford meals; •encourages an LEA to reduce food waste; and •requires communications regarding a student's meal debt to be directed only to the student's parent. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could save individuals for each meal participated, \$0.30 per reduced-price breakfast and \$0.40 per reduced-price lunch, beginning in Fiscal Year 2026. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Child Nutrition, Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUs 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small a small reduction in the regulator Utah residents or businesses. | | V |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| J.110 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB.102 | Class Size Reduction Amendments | Moss, Carol S. | This bill: ensures that funds are directed to local education agencies (LEAs) with the highest need; requires an LEA that receives funding to provide a report; adjusts which grades the funds may be used for; and permits an adjustment for inflation. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could redistribute existing funding for local education agencies (LEAs) from the Class Size Reduction program beginning in Fiscal Year 2026. LEAs may experience increases or decreases in funding allocations due to the phased shift in applicable grade levels from K-8 to K-3 over the next five years, based on changes in student population distribution. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 104 Sub. 5 | School Firearm Safety | Shipp, Rex P. | This bill: *defines terms; *equires a local education agency to provide firearm safety instruction to students; *provides guidelines on how a local education agency may provide the firearm safety instruction; *requires that individuals providing instruction with an actual firearm have certain authority to possess a firearm; and *includes an opt-out provision. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could cost local education agencies (LEAs) an estimated \$80.\$100 in administrative time annually and cause a redirection of instructional time beginning in Fiscal Year 2026 to provide firearm safety training to students. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Teaching and Learning, School Safety, Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | V |
| HB 106 Sub. 4 | Income Tax Revisions | Christofferson, Kay J. | This bill: *amends the corporate franchise and income tax rates; *amends the individual income tax rate; *enacts correfundable corporate and individual income tax credits for employer-provided childs can rate and the corporate and individual income tax credits for employer-provided childs as taxpayer to claim the nonrefundable child tax credit for child dependents under one year old and up to five years old; and *makes conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could reduce income taxes for individuals and businesses by an estimated \$3.7 million in FY 2025, \$236 million in FY 2026 and \$195 million in FY 2027 in aggregate. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program | > |
| HB 110 Sub. 2 | Minimum Basic Tax Rate Reduction | Peterson, Thomas W. | This bill: *repeals the WPU value rate from the combination of property tax rates that fund public education; *provides that the repeal of the WPU value rate does not affect the amount of ongoing appropriations to the Teacher and Student Success Program; *includes a clause to coordinate the effect of the repeal of the WPU value rate with language that S.B. 37. Minimum Basic Tax Rate Amendments, enacts; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this bill lowers the statewide basic property tax levely by \$75.0 million ongoing and stops a \$31.5 million increase in the WPU Value Rate (a component of the Basic Rate) from going into effect in FY 2026. In total, an estimated \$106,508,600 in local property tax revenues will not be collected by school districts as estimated for FY 2026. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Utah taxpayers may see lower property tax payments as a result of this bill, With the total estimated reduction of \$106.5 million included in this bill, a home owner of a primary residence valued at \$400,000 may see a savings of \$40.00 and the owner of a business valued at \$1.0 million may see a savings of \$181.00. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program | ✓ |
| HB.111 | Workers' Compensation Amendments | Loubet, Anthony E. | This bill: clarifies the circumstances under which an individual with a disability is the employer of an individual providing home and community based services; and makes technical and conforming changes. | Governor Signed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program | V |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 120 | Time Change Amendments | Elison, Joseph | This bill provides that Utah will observe mountain standard time year-round until federal law allows Utah to observe mountain daylight time year-round, after which Utah will observe mountain daylight time year-round. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program | |
| HB.121 | Health Education Amendments | Moss, Carol S. | This billtrequires the State Board of Education to establish curriculum requirements that include instruction in: sexual assault resource strategies; sexual violence behavior prevention; and the legal implications of electronically distributing sexually explicit images; amends provisions related to when a student receives health education instruction; requires a local education agency (ELA) to: review data, including data on sexual assault, for each county in which the LEA is located; use the reviewed data to inform the LEA's policies on health education; and as appropriate, incorporate the data into health education | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could cost Local Education Agencies (LEA) \$11,369,88b, beginning in Fiscal Year 2026, to provide teacher training, incorporate the newly required areas of instruction, and review policies and data every two years. While most costs will be one-time, the exact ongoing costs per LEA are unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businessess. | Teaching and Learning, Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program | |
| HB 122 Sub. 9 | National Guard and Military Amendments | Burton, Jefferson S. | This bill: **Jeffines terms; **amends resident student status eligibility for veterans who use veteran benefits to pay for tutition; **amends how much money the Interstate Commission on Educational Opportunity for Military Children may assess, levy, or collect from Utah legislative appropriations; **clarifies that the Department of Veterans and Military Affairs: **is required to provide service benefits to service members, veterans, and the families of service members and veterans; and **serves as the State Approving Agency for Utah under United States Code, Title 38, Veterans Benefits; **allows the Department of Veterans and Military Affairs to receive gifts, contributions, and donations to support service members, veterans, and the families of service **members and veterants; **allows the Department of Veterans and Military Affairs to enter into an intergovernmental support agreement with a military installation or entity, including the National Guard, to provide support services to the military installation or entity; **repeals Title 63M, Chapter 6, Military Base Easements Act, and enacts sections in Title **TIA, Veterans and Military Affairs, related to easements; and **makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program | V |
| HB 124 Sub. 1 | Education Industry Employee Privacy | Lee, Trevor | This bill: *enacts restrictions on a local education agency (LEA) selling or transferring certain contact information without consent; *prohibits requiring use of certain technologies on personal devices; *requires an LEA to provide accommodations for mandatory technology use under certain circumstances; *allows an employee to file written complaints with the State Board of Education about violations; *permits the State Board of Education to investigate complaints; and *allows for consequences for violations. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Inasmuch as Local Education Agencies (LEAs) receive requests for alternate devices, enactment of this legislation could cost LEAs \$24 per month per device to accommodate educators. The exact amount is unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Data Privacy | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | V |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 128 Sub. 2 | Dangerous Weapon at a School Amendments | Gwynn, Matthew H. | This bill: *restructures and makes technical changes to sections in the Utah Code dealing with dangerous weapons to bring the sections into a standardized format; *enacts provisions detailing the current law surrounding the carrying of firearms; *for clarity, places certain contents of Title 76, Chapter 10, Part 5, Weapons, into Title 53, Public Safety, Code; *clarifies criminal provisions regarding who is required to have a concealed carry permit in certain circumstances; *includes coordination clauses coordinating technical changes between this bill and H.B. 183. Monditizen Restricted Person Amendments, H.B. 227, Restricted Person Amendments, H.B. 21, Criminal Code Recodification and Cross References, and S.B. 14, Private Sale of a Firearm Sunset Review Amendments; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Inasmuch as individuals under the age of 18 are tried as a result of this bill, Enactment of this legislation could increase revenue to local governments by about \$380 per case for fines/fees for Class A Misdemeanors and \$350 for Class B Misdemeanors. Local government entities could experience the following estimated expenditures: 1. Prosecutors - \$1,160 per Class A Misdemeanor case and \$12 per Class B Misdemeanor Case; 2. Public Defense - \$2,250 per Class A Misdemeanor case and \$975 per Class B Misdemeanor Case; 3. County jalis - unknown increase at about \$83 per day per offender in incarceration costs; 4. Local justice Court - unknown increase. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that individuals violate provisions of this legislation, this could cost certain offenders about \$1,500 per case for Class A Misdemeanors and \$680 per case for Class B Misdemeanors, however the total amount is unknown. | School Safety | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create new program or significantly expand an existing program | ☑ |
| HB 139 Sub. 2 | Governmental Accounting Amendments | Loubet, Anthony E. | This bill: *requires the state auditor to develop a form; *requires a political subdivision's chief financial officer and chief administrative officer to include the state auditor's form with the political subdivision's annual financial report; and *makes conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | V |
| HB 144 Sub. 1 | School District Contracting Amendments | Defay, Ariel | This bill: *prohibits a local education agency from contracting with the United States Department of Justice unless the attorney general's office reviews the contract or settlement agreement; *requires the attorney general's office to review each proposed contract or settlement agreement, and *allows the Utah State Board of Education and the attorney general's office to make recommendations regarding the contract or settlement agreement. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program | ✓ |
| HB 156 Sub. 1 | Education Board Amendments | Thurston, Norman K | This bill: *defines terms; *amends provisions regarding the appointment, authority, and duties of the state superintendent of public instruction; *amends provisions regarding the scope of authority and duties of employees of the State Board of Education (state board); *amends provisions to describe the level of autonomy of local education agencies relative to the state superintendent and state board employees; and *makes technical and conforming Changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS - | 236 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) | | | | |
| HB 157 Sub. 2 | Energy Education Amendments | Jack, Colin W. | This bill: *defines terms; *requires the Office of Energy Development (office) to: *develop and maintain energy education programs and curricula for grades K-12; *develop and provide professional development training for educators; *develop energy related workforce development programs, and *establish the Energy Education and Workforce Development Task Force; *outlines the responsibilities and duties of the task force; and *requires the office to report annually to the Public Utilities, Energy, and Technology Interim Committee. | House/ to Governor | None | Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram | Teaching and Learning | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36-12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | ✓ |
| HB 161 | School Bus Route Amendments | Matthews, Ashlee | This bill: **amends student eligibility for state-supported transportation; and **makes technical changes. | Governor Signed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(Z)(c) Enactment of this legislation could result in cost savings to Local Education Agencies (LEAs) for an unknown amount ongoing beginning in FY 2026 for the transportation of middle school students, with the potential for these savings to be redistributed to LEAs to support other transportation needs. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36-12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | V |
| HB 168 | Al in Education | Defay, Ariel | This bill: *creates the Artificial Intelligence in Education Task Force (task force); *establishes the task force membership; *establishes task force duties focused on artificial intelligence in education; *requires quarterly meetings and annual reporting; *mandates coordination with the Office of Artificial Intelligence Policy; and *includes a sunset clause. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Data Privacy, Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |
| HB 169 Sub. 2 | State Board of Education Amendments | Welton, Douglas R. | This bill: •establishes ethics standards for members of the State Board of Education; and •makes technical changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(Z)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance Evaluation/R1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 172 | Unpaid Wage Amendments | Burton, Jefferson S. | This bill: *removes the requirement that an employee make a demand in writing 15 days before bringing a suit for wages | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small reduction in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |
| HB 176 Sub. 2 | County Classification Amendments | Brooks, Walt | This bill: *modifies definitions; *modifies the population requirements for county classification; *modifies a sales and use tax exemption applicable to airports in certain counties; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could reduce the income tax liability of businesses and individuals receiving the following three tax credits. Collectively, businesses and individuals could reduce their tax liability by up to \$900,000 over 8 years per additional Rural Economic Development Tax Increment Financing tax credit project; the aggregate impact is unknown. Collectively, businesses and individuals could reduce their income tax liability by as much as \$3 million and up to \$25 million per project over the course of 20 years per additional High Cost Infrastructure tax credit project; the aggregate impact is unknown. Enactment of this legislation could reduce the income tax liability for about 10 individuals claiming the Mental Health Practitioner tax credit by \$10,000 annually per individual for up to 10 years; the reduced income tax liability beginning in FY 2026 is \$100,000 ongoing in aggregate. Performance Evaluation/R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 178 | Noncitizen Health Insurance Policies Amendments | Walter, R. Neil | This bill: -modifies definitions; -removes alternative eligibility for otherwise ineligible children under the Children's -teath insurance Program; and -makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | None | | Human Resources | | | |
| HB 179 | Social Security Tax Modifications | Christofferson, Kay J. | This bill: •removes the income limitations on eligibility for the social security benefits tax credit; and •makes technical changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could result in average annual tax savings of 5946 for an estimated 152,000 individuals in tax year 2025. Individual impacts will vary based on filling status, income level, social security benefits, and other factors. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 180 | Employee Compensation Amendments | Bennion, Gay Lynn | This bill: *requires that compensation be based on the relative ability, knowledge, and skills of an employee; and *prohibits an executive branch employer from inquiring regarding an employee's or prospective employee's current or previous compensation. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |
| HB.181 | School Week Schedule Amendments | Watkins, Christine F. | This bill: *amends the process for a local education agency or individual public school to obtain a waiver from the State Board of Education to implement a four-day school week; and *makes technical changes. | House/ 3rd Reading Calendar to Rules | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation may result in increased costs of approximately \$5,000 beginning in FY 2026 for Local Education Agencies (LEAs) to conduct the meetings required by the bill. However, LEAs that successfully transition to a four-day school week could see indirect cost savings by reducing operational expenses such as utilities and transportation. With these cost savings School districts may see a change in student transportation allocations but that will vary based on the number of schools that transition and the corresponding reduction in miles and minutes traveled. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |
| HB 184 | School Trust Land Amendments | Miller, Tracy | This bill: •clarifies action plans and the implementation of action plans; •adds a requirement to train on the Open and Public Meetings Act; •expands the list of entities to receive training on the School LAND Trust Program; •refines the process for reviewing school compliance with the program; •adds new responsibilities for the state superintendent | House/ to Governor | Support | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | School Children's Trust | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | ✓ |
| HB 186 Sub. 2 | Wage Payment Amendments | Christofferson, Kay J. | This bill: *removes references that require an employee separating from an employer to provide a written demand for payment; *removes the requirement that an employee make a demand in writing 15 days before bringing a suit for wages; *requires that an employee, who disputes the amount an employer pays to the employee upon separation, provide notice to the employer before initiating a legal action; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small reduction in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationjR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |
| HB 189 | Public Education Course Grade Requirements | Defay, Ariel | This bill: *defines terms; *prohibits an LEA from requiring a student to attend an off-campus event as a condition for grades or academic credit; *prohibits adverse effects on a student's grades or academic standing due to non-attendance at an off-campus event; and *requiries an LEA to provide optional transportation, a fee waiver, and alternative options for students to meet academic requirements. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Assessment and Accountability, Teaching and Learning | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 220 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 191 Sub. 3 | High School Credit Amendments | Teuscher, Jordan D. | This bill: *defines terms; *allows a local education agency to award a high school student credit for a course completed through the packet method if the packet meets certain requirements; *requires the State Board of Education to review and approve packets; *creates a sunset for a certain report; *makes technical and conforming changes; and *creates a reporting requirement. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-12(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Teaching and Learning, Assessment and Accountability, Career and Technical Education, Student Services, Adult Education | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the | Performance evaluation/R1- 4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | V |
| HB.192 | Public Education Scholarship Program Use Amendments | Dailey-Provost, Jennifer | This bill: *prohibits certain expenses from being scholarship expenses; and *makes technical changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Special Education | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB.193 | Ballot Signature Amendments | Ward, Raymond P. | This bill: *for an individual running for elective office who is: *seeking the nomination of a qualified political party under the signature-gathering process, reduces the number of signatures that the individual must collect to obtain the nomination; or *seeking the nomination of a registered political party that is not a qualified political party, enables the individual to obtain the nomination by gathering the same number of signatures as an individual seeking the nomination of a qualified political party for the same office | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUcA 35-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could reduce costs for signature verification as fewer signatures will be required. The aggregate cost savings is unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB.204 | Stipends for Future Educators Grant Program Amendments | Peterson, Karen M. | This bill: -provides that a student teacher is eligible for the program regardless of the institution at which the student teacher is enrolled; -limits the availability of program funds if the student teacher receives funding from another state program; -provides for one-time funding from a certain account in certain circumstances; -requires the State Board of Education to annually report the articipated cost of certain one-time appropriations to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Teaching and Learning | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | > |
| HB 206 Sub. 1 | Chronic Absenteeism Pilot Program | Hayes, Sahara | This bill: *requires the State Board of Education (state board) to make rules establishing the Attendance Advantage. my529 Initiative Pilot Program (program); *requires coordination between the state board and the Utah Educational Savings Plan; *establishes requirements for program design and implementation; *requires participating local education agencies to follow state board attendance data standards; *requires analysis of program effectiveness; and *makes program records containing individual student data protected. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 209 Sub. 3 | Homeschool Amendments | Peck, Nicholeen P. | This bill: *clarifies when a letter of intentnotification to homeschool is required from parents; *removes the requirement for parents to submit an affidavit for students who begin homeschooling at the start of an academic year; *removes the requirement for parents to attest to criminal background history; *establishes procedures for local school boards to process letters of intent; *removes liability from local school boards after student unenrollment; and *makes technical changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | Support | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small reduction in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| HB 215 Sub. 3 | Office of Legislative Auditor General Provisions | Burton, Jefferson S. | This bill: *restates the legislative auditor general's constitutional authority; *amends provisions governing information that maybe subject to federal law and is requested by the legislative auditor general from an entity, including the State Tax Commission; *authorizes the legislative auditor general to provide certain information to an audited entity; *amends provisions governing criminal interference with a legislative audit; *amends the definition of "chief officer" for purposes of an entity responding to a legislative audit; *permits the legislative auditor general to identify an individual other than a chief officer to respond to a legislative audit; *amends the deligiative auditor general to review and monitor the Utah System of Higher Education; and *makes other technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could increase revenue to local governments by about \$380 per case for fines/fees. Local government entities could experience the following estimated expenditures: 1. Prosecutors - \$1,160 per case; 2. Public Defense - \$2,250 per case; 3. County Jalls - unknown increase at about \$83 per day per offender in incarceration costs; 4. Local Justice Court - unknown increase. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that individuals violate provisions of this legislation, this could cost certain offenders about \$1,500 per case, however, the total amount is unknown. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 216 Sub. 1 | Income Tax Revenue Amendments | Thurston, Norman K | his bil: *defines terms; *requires the State Tax Commission, the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst, and the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget to annually determine by consensus whether federal tax law changes will likely result in a material increase in state income tax revenue; *requires the State Tax Commission to submit a report to the Revenue and Taxation Interim Committee if a determination is made by consensus that federal tax law changes will likely result in a material increase in state income tax revenue; *authorizes the Revenue and Taxation interim Committee, upon receiving a report, to recommend legislative action for the next general session to negate the material increase in state income tax revenue; *requires the State Tax Commission to submit a report to the Division of Finance following the general session if a determination is made by consensus that a material increase in state income tax revenue is still expected; *rereates the income Tax Surplus Restricted Account (account); *specifies purposes for which revenue deposited into the account may be used; and *requires the Division of Finance, upon receiving a report, to deposit the estimated amount of the material increase in state income tax revenue into the account. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HB 218 | Charter School Funding Amendments | Walter, R. Neil | This bill: *modifies criteria for qualifying charter schools under the Charter School Credit Enhancement Program; *expands evaluation standards for charter school operating history; *specifies financial metrics for program qualification; *stabilishes additional requirements for annual program certification; *creates parameters for state appropriation repayment procedures; and *makes technical changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | Regulatory | | |
| HB 219 Sub. 1 | Charter School Funding Revisions | Walter, R. Neil | This bill: *modifies criteria for qualifying charter schools under the Charter School Credit Ehahancement Program; *expands evaluation standards for charter school operating history; *specifies financial metrics for program qualification; *establishes additional requirements for annual program errification; *establishes additional requirements for annual program errification; *establishes cerdit rating-based maintenance fees for participating charter schools; *creates parameters for state appropriation repayment procedures; and *makes technical changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local Government(A 36-12-13(Z)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(Z)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | State Charter School Board, Financial Operations | ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| HB 223 | State Grant Requirements | Dailey-Provost, Jennifer | This bill: *upon a grantee's request, requires an administering agency to disclose the administering agency's costs associated with administering a grant. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | V |
| HB 225 | School Zone Speeding Amendments | Moss, Carol S. | This bill: *modifies the speed limit at which a first time offender must observe a crossing guard. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 228 | Public Education Immunization Amendments | Lisonbee, Karianne | This bill: *removes provisions about the expiration of a vaccination exemption form; *requires a school to provide a student's immunization record to a new school when the school transfers a transferring student's school record; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | Support | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HB 231 Sub. 2 | Primary Election Amendments | Teuscher, Jordan D. | This bill: *provides that, for certain primary election races, the person who wins the nomination will be determined by conducting a runoff election between the two candidates who received the most votes in the initial primary election if: *no candidate receives more than 50% of the votes in the race; and *the candidate who receives the highest number of votes does not receive at least 10% more of the total votes cast in the race than the candidate who receives the second highest number of votes; *describes deadlines, notice requirements, and procedures relating to a runoff election, including parry affiliation deadlines and procedures for a military or overseas voter to cast a ballot in a runoff election; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that there are new runoff primary elections, enactment of this legislation could cost counties statewide \$2,742,500 ongoing in even numbered years starting in FY 2026. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 233 Sub. 1 | School Curriculum Amendments | Peck, Nicholeen P. | This bill: •defines terms; and •prohibits a local education agency from allowing entities that perform elective abortions to provide health-related instruction or materials in public schools. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could result in a one-time statewide minimum cost of \$567,800 for Local Education Agencies (LEAs) beginning in Fiscal Year 2026 to update curriculum. LEAs may face monetary penalties or have their Minimum School Program funding withheld if they fail to comply with the required instruction updates. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | X |
| HB 237 | Rollback Tax Amendments | Snider, Casey | This bill: *authorizes the county to use 100% of the rollback tax or fee-in-lieu revenue collected within the county when land is no longer used for agricultural purposes for open land and agricultural use; *directs the unused rollback tax or fee-in-lieu revenue from the county where the land is located to the LeRay McAllister Working Farm and Ranch Fund after five years; *updates the sources of revenue to the LeRay McAllister Working Farm and Ranch Fund to include the rollback tax and fee-in-lieu revenue; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation requires 100% of rollback tax and fee in lieu revenues to be deposited into county Open Land and Working Agricultural Land Use accounts. Currenty 20% is required. Beginning in Pr 2026, local government entities below the county level would no longer receive approximately \$13 million per year (80% of rollback and fee in lieu revenues) statewide that would be retained by the county. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-12(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation)R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| H6 239 | Disaster Funds Revisions | Albrecht, Carl R. | This bill: *defines terms: *modifies provisions related to the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account to change the amounts that may be expended by the Division of Emergency Management under certain conditions; *renames the Response, Recovery, and Post-disaster Mitigation Restricted Account as the Disaster Response, Recovery, and Mitigation Restricted Account (account); *modifies the amounts of funds available from the account for disaster response and recovery under specified circumstances; *modifies the available uses for funds in the account to include pre-disaster mitigation under certain circumstances; *modifies standards relating to disaster response and recovery grants; *parants rulemaking authority to the Division of Emergency Management regarding the use of funds from the account for pre-disaster mitigation purposes; *requires the Division of Finance to transfer certain funds from the State Disaster Recovery Restricted Account into the account under certain conditions; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| 5.225 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 246 Sub.1 | Statewide Online Education Program Amendments | Elison, Joseph | This bill: *authorizes the State Board of Education (state board) to conduct sample audits of online courses; *expands performance reporting requirements for an authorized online course provider; *equires the state board to establish a report card for an authorized online course provider; *facilitates regular communication between an authorized online course provider and a primary LEA of enrollment; *implements a model syllabus template for online courses; *requires the state board to create a centralized registration system for parents and students; and *makes technical changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation;B1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | SOEP | Regulatory ImpactUcA 36- 12-13(2)(4) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB.247 | School Swimming and Lifeguarding Programs | Ballard, Melissa G. | This bill: *defines terms; *defines terms; *requires the inclusion of water safety instruction in the public education core curriculum standards for physical education; *allows the exemption of a student from required water safety instruction under certain circumstances; *allows a local education agency (LEA) to: *provide swim instruction, lifeguard certification training, and swim instructor certification training as courses under certain conditions; *construe the completion of certain courses toward physical education credit requirements or other requirements; and *enter into an agreement with certain providers to offer certain programs; and *grants rulemaking authority to the State Board of Education. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could cost Local Education Agencies up to \$20,000 one-time beginning in Riscal Year 2026 if Local Education Agencies decide to develop their own curriculum and resources. No cost is expected for Local Education Agencies who adopt the State Board of Education's curriculum and resources. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | STEM+, Career and Technical Education | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13/200. Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 250 Sub. 1 | Public Employee Gender- specific Language Requirements | Peck, Nicholeen P. | This bill: • prohibits the State Board of Education, a local education agency, or a public employer from taking disciplinary action against an employee for using gender-specific language in certain circumstances; •requires a public employer that has a rule or policy requiring an employee to use gender-specific language to accommodate another individual to exempt the employee from disciplinary action in certain circumstances; and •makes technical changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 260 Sub. 2 | First Credential Program | Peterson, Val L. | This bill: *requires designated pathway development positions to perform certain duties; *repeals the PRIME program; *establishes a first credential program; *establishes a first credential for a master plan for scaling credentialing programs; *establishes a master credential list of approved industry-recognized credentials; *ensures credits are transferable to higher education institutions and technical colleges; *provides a sprain art or inplementation such occurrities for outcomes; *requires annual review and updates based on labor market needs; *provides a grant for implementation and incentives for outcomes; *mandates partnerships between schools, employers, and apprenticeship programs; *promotes stackable credentials that lead to carear advancement; *coordinates language with other legislation contingent upon passage; *defines terms; and *makes technical changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Local Education Authorities would be eligible for funding as a result of this legislation. The amount LEAs would be eligible to receive would depend on the number of LEAs interested in participating and the number of students earning a First Credential Certificate. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Individuals would be eligible to receive scholarship funding as a result of this legislation. The exact amount an individual could earn would depend on the number of students earning the First Credential Certificate and would not exceed a total aggregate of \$1,000,000. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill Creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/neoprogram | Career and Technical Education, Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | 2 |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 220 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 267 Sub. 1 | Public Sector Labor Union Amendments | Teuscher, Jordan D. | This bill: *defines terms; *requires a labor organization for which a public employer collects union dues to provide an annual accounting to the labor organization members and to the Labor Commission; *prohibits a public employeer from recognizing a labor organization as a bargaining agent for public employees; *prohibits a public employer from entering into collective bargaining contracts; *prohibits ing public money or public property to assist, promote, or deter union organizing or administration; *excludes new labor organization employees from participating in Utah Retirement Systems; *authorizes the state risk manager to acquire and administer professional liability insurance for: disputes between a K-12 personnel and a public employer; and other public employees if there is a sufficient demand | Governor Signed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(Z)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | N |
| HB 268 | Nonresident Online School Amendments | Miller, Tracy | This bill: *modifies resident district payments to a nonresident district under certain circumstances; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could result in costs or savings of around \$1,460 per student for school districts on an ongoing basis, beginning in Fiscal Year 2026. The financial impact will depend on whether a school district serves as the resident or nonresident district for students enrolled in online education. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | SOEP | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(Z)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 269 Sub. 1 | Privacy Protections in Sex- designated Areas | Gricius, Stephanie | This bill: *defines terms; *fedines terms; *requires the Utah Board of Higher Education to provide guidance regarding student housing that degree-granting institutions own or control; *provides a definitional change for nonprofit exceptions to and broadens the scope of a nonprofit educational institution exception to the Utah Fair Housing Act; *narrows an exception for a prohibition on sex-based distinctions to apply only to a determination of the School Activity Eligibility Commission and a student's participation in a certain gender-designated interscholastic activity; *removes an ambiguous medical treatment documentation provision from certain lists of evidence supporting an individual's access to certain sex-designated privacy spaces; *amends provisions regarding government entity facility compliance to specify which government entity bears certain duties; *requires degree-granting institutions to comply with sex designations in assigning students to dwelling units within the institution's sex-designated student housing | Governor Signed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUcA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 220 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 271 Sub. 1 | Meeting or Procession Disruption Amendments | MacPherson, Matt | This bill: *modifies the criminal offense concerning disrupting a meeting or procession | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation)R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB.280 | School District Administrator Authority | Pierucci, Candice B. | This bill: •amends the definition of an employee | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(Z)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 281 Sub. 3 | Health Curriculum and Procedures Amendments | Gricius, Stephanie | This bill: *defines terms; *defines terms; *defines terms; *requires any health care provider to obtain informed parental consent before providing or facilitating telehealth or another health care service to a student within a public school; *establishes requirements for certain restricted services, including; *identifying who may and may not provide a restricted service; and *requiring informed parental consent and certain parental notification; *ensures that a local or state rule or policy does not create an exemption for otherwise prohibited endorsement, promotion, or disparagement of a certain religious belief or viewpoint; *modifies required health instruction, including: *establishing statutory purposes for the curriculum the state board establishes; *adding situational awareness and the "success sequence"; *reorganizing duties and prohibitions regarding instruction, discussion, and advocacy of certain correcpts; *amends the effect of prior informed written parental consent and the allowable subjects in see education instruction; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation may cost Local Education Agencies (LEAs) \$17 to \$44 per student to update curriculum standards and materials as outlined in the bill. Costs may vary for each LEA based on the required changes and the number of students enrolled in the corresponding courses. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Student Services, STEM+, Career and Technical Education, Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ₩ |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| <u>HB 299</u> | Election Code Time Computation Revisions | Rep. Petersen, Michael J | This bill: *amends provisions relating to deadlines and the calculation of time in the Election Code; *clarifies and modifies deadlines in the Election Code; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUcA 36- 12-13(2(d)) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 220 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | This bill: | | | | | | | |
| HB.300 Sub. 4 | Amendments to Election Law | Burton, Jefferson S. | **Requires the lieutenant governor to: **develop a procedure to evaluate voter registration records based on addresses to identify potential anomalies; **develop procedures to investigate the validity of a voter registration when a ballot mailed by the county clerk is returned as undeliverable; and **register with the Systematic Alien Verification for Entitlements program; **requires the lieutenant governor to seek to enter into an agreement with the federal courts where, in exchange for receiving certain information from the state for the purpose of maintaining federal jury lists, the courts will notify the state of individuals who are disqualified from jury service due to criminal convictions or non-citizen status; **for voting by mail: **requires a registered voter who has a Utah driver license or a state identification card to place to last four digits of the card's number on the return envelope, and permits a voter to enter the last four digits of the voter's social security number as an alternate form of identification; **until 2029, permits a voter's identity to be verified using signature comparison, if the voter doesn't enter the digits described in the preceding paragraph; **beginning in 2029, provides that if a voter does not have a Utah driver license, a Utah state identification card, or a social security card, the voter may provide identification by including a photocopy of certain forms of identification in the return envelope; **beginning in 2029, if a voter does not have a type of identification described in the preceding two paragraphs, requires the voter to vote in person, unless the voter qualifies for certain exceptions; **subject to certain exceptions, provides that, beginning in 2029, a voter will not receive a ballot by mail unless the voter requests to receive a ballot by mail; **provides that a voter may request, or renew a request, to receive a ballot by mail when the person: **registers to vote;** **makes a request online;** **applies to receive or Innew | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could have a total cumulative impact on all counties of estimated \$425,500 one-time and \$6.0 million ongoing for additional equipment, staff, and travel costs. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number HOUSE BILLS | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HB 302 Sub. 3 | Minors in State Custody Amendments | Fiefia, Doug | This bill: *defines terms; *requires the Department of Health and Human Services (department) to apply for a Medicaid walver to ensure that minors in the custody of the department who receive federal benefits will maintain resource-eligibility for Medicaid; *requires the department to evaluate whether a minor in the custody of the department is receiving or is eligible to receive federal benefits; *provides that, as appropriate, the department shall apply for federal benefits on behalf of a minor in the custody of the department, and may accept appointment as the representative payee for a minor's federal benefits; *provides accounting, reporting, and administrative requirements for the department concerning a federal benefit provided to a minor in the custody of the department concerning a federal benefit provided to a minor in the custody of the department of federal benefit while in the custody of the department, or for a successor representative payee; *grants rulemaking authority to the department relating to the administration of federal benefits for minors in the custody of the department; *requires the department to report annually to the Health and Human Services Interim Committee regarding federal benefits received on behalf of minors in the custody of the department; *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory impactUCA 36-12-13(2)(d) Enactment 12-13(2)(d) Enactment in this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationR1- 4-601 This bill idoes not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |
| HB 303 | Public School Directory Sharing Amendments | Acton, Cheryl K. | This bill: • defines terms; and • requires a local education agency to share directory information with another local education agency upon request. | House/ filed | Oppose | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Data Privacy | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |
| HB 308 Sub. 3 | Driving by Minors Amendments | Koford, Jill | This bill: *allows an individual with a learner permit who is younger than 18 years old to drive with an adult other than a parent, in certain circumstances. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Quality Instruction | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Y |

| USBE Legislat | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 220 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | This bill: | | | | | | | |
| HB 312 Sub. 5 | Criminal Justice Amendments | Lisonbee, Karianne | *modifies provisions related to the release of individuals due to overcrowding of correctional facilities; *modifies provisions related to contracting with federal and county entities to house individuals, and establishes reporting requirements; *requires a county sheriff who permits probation to establish probation standards and procedures adopted by the Utah Sheriffs' Association; *prohibits the use of state funds for a syringe exchange program; *adds "detention removal officer" to the definition of federal officers who have statewide law enforcement authority; *prohibits the Department of Corrections from housing inmates in a private correctional facility, unless the purpose is federal immigration detention or civil detention; *modifies definitions related to the state daily incarceration rate; *modifies provisions related to the definition and calculation of the state daily incarceration rate; *modifies promitted uses for funds in the Adult Probation and Parole Employment Incentive Program; *adds strangulation or choking as a criminal offense included with the crime of commission of domestic violence in the presence of a child; *modifies the definition of habitual offender and makes conforming changes; *requires a county sheriff to report statistics on releases due to overcrowding and pretrial release; *prohibits a county jail official from fixing a financial condition for an individual with a misdemeanor charge for certain domestic violence and driving under the influence offenses; *modifies provisions related to a magistrate's orders for pretrial release or detention; *modifies provisions related to a magistrate's orders for pretrial release or detention; *modifies provisions related to interlocal agreements regarding release or incarcerated or supervised individuals; *repeals the Subcommittee on County Correctional Facility Contracting and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent some offenses are no longer eligible for release with financial condition and additional pretrial detention orders are issued, enactment of this legislation could cost local jails about \$82.93 /day/offender; however, the total number of increased offender days is unknown. The bill could cost Salt Lake County \$88/offender/day to contract with other facilities for inmates with certain offenses; aggregate impact is unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | YIC | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | N |
| HB 313 Sub. 4 | State Construction and Electrical Standards Amendments | Peterson, Thomas W. | This bill: *amends the State Construction Code to: *align with updated standards in the International Residential Code (IRC); and *align with the updated standards in the National Electric Code (NEC); *includes a coordination clause to make the amendments to Section 15A-3-202 in this bill supersede the amendments to Section 15A-3-202 in H.B. 175, Housing Construction Amendments; *removes regulations for water heaters in certain areas; and *makes technical changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | V |
| HB 315 | Elected Official Vacancy Modifications | Stoddard, Andrew | This bill: *modifies procedures in the event of a tie among three or more candidates; and *defines terms. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | V |

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| TOTAL | 220 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | WI - 1-91 | | | | | | | |
| HB 317 Sub. 1 | Executive Agency Innovation Incentives | Ballard, Melissa G. | This bill: *amends criteria for certain funds to be treated as nonlapsing; *amends provisions relating to efficiency improvement processes in the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, including: identifying and prioritizing processes to incentivize, recognize, and reward a certain entity or entity employee for efficiency; 'providing for a certain entity or entity employee to recommend an efficiency evaluation; *assessing certain metrics and outcomes to determine whether a certain entity's or entity's employee's recommendation results in cost-savings or time-savings; and *whether the nonlapsing funds are used for employee retention or incentives; *provides for reporting requirements; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance Evaluation/R1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | V |
| HB 321 Sub. 1 | Utah Olympics Amendments | Hawkins, Jon | This bill: modifies the Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Act to reflect the award of the 2034 Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games to Utah and the shift from a bid committee to an organizing committee; modifies requirements for the Utah Olympic bid and organizing committee (host committee) and the host committee's relation to the Legislature's Olympic and Paralympic Winter Games Coordination Committee; *imposes requirements on the host committee; *repeals provisions; and *updates language and makes technical corrections. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(Z)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | erformance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | \ |
| HB 325 | Parent Access to Learning Materials Pilot Program | Miller, Tracy | This bill: *creates a three-year pilot program for parent access to learning materials; *directs the state board to select local education agencies (LEAs) to participate; *requires participating LEAs to implement teacher incentives; *starts with elementary schools in 2025-25 school year; *allows expansion to secondary schools in 2026-27 school year; and *requires program reports. Money Appropriated in this Bill: This bill appropriates \$350,000 in operating and capital budgets for fiscal year 2026, all of which is from the various sources as detailed in this bill. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation may lead to an increase in funding for the Local Education Agencies (LEAs) selected to participate in the pilot program. Each LEA could receive up to a percentage, yet to be determined by the State School Board, to cover administrative costs as outlined in the bill. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-12(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Teaching and Learning | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance Evaluation/R1- 4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://burdget. utah, gov/newprogra m | |
| HB 331 | Olympics Amendments | Hawkins, Jon | This bill: *codifies requirements that relate to a sale or transfer of part of an Olympic facility, which requirements were previously approved by the Legislature via joint resolutions; *codifies requirements that must be met before any portion of an Olympic facility may be sold or transferred; *requires the governor, or the governor's designee, and an Olympic facility manager to meet with the Legislative Management Committee in connection with approving a sale of a part of an Olympic facility; and *requires an Olympic facility manager to give prior notice of certain structural changes in the organization to the Legislative Management Committee. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 333 Sub. 2 | Medications in Schools Amendments | Koford, Jill | This bill: *amends defined terms; *creates a defined term; *allows a student to possess or self-administer epinephrine nasal spray at a school in certain circumstances; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Y |
| HB 344 Sub. 1 | School Fees Amendments | Strong, Mark A. | This bill: *defines terms; *requires a local education agency (LEA) to, beginning for the 2026-2027 school year: *ensure that a student has at least one option at the student's school to complete all required courses and credits without paying a fee or a waiver; and *clearly disclose any fee related to a course or activity in the description of the course or activity in the LEA's registration materials; *prohibits an LEA from: *charging a student a fee for certain non-fee courses; or *charging a general fee or charging or increasing a fee to a student to supplement or *supplant a fee the LEA is prohibited from charging; *allows an LEA to charge a student a fee for certain expenses, under certain circumstances, including for: *expenses beyond the common delivery of instruction; *fee courses; *instructional supplies; *extracurricular activities; *a discretionary project; and *other additional expenses; *repeals duplicative language regarding fees for textbooks; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could reduce revenue to Local Education Agencies (LEAs) by approximately \$56 per secondary school student opting to participate a course not requiring a fee or fee waiver. To the extent LEAs experience a reduction in fee revenue, this impact may be mitigated by the distribution of \$35.5 million in one-time funding appropriated by the Legislature for distribution to LEAs over three fiscal years beginning in FY 2026. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Financial Operations, Career and Technical Education | Regulatory ImpactUcA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah. gov/newprogram m | Y |
| HB 349 Sub. 4 | Organ Donation Amendments | Owens, Doug | This bill: *requires or encourages information about the option and process to register as an organ donor, to be provided in connection with or in certain circumstances related to: *the Division of Wildlife Resources' website; *intake at a health care facility; and *individual income tax instructions booklets and the State Tax Commission's website; *requires the Department of Health and Human Services to convene a coalition of life-saving programs and create a comprehensive plan for communicating about those programs through state-owned channels; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation may cost Local Education Agencies (LEAs) \$17 to \$44 per student and per program to update curriculum standards and materials as outlined in the bill. Costs may vary for each LEA based on the required changes and the number of students enrolled in the corresponding courses. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-12(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation like gislation like gislation change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance Evaluation/R1- 4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget. utah. gov/mewprogram m | |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 359 Sub. 1 | Juvenile Justice Amendments | Peck, Nicholeen P. | This bill: | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could increase revenue to local governments by an unknown amount per case for fines/fees. Local government entities could experience the an unknown increase in expenditures for the following: prosecutors, public defense, county hails, and local justice court. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | YIC | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Urah residents or businesses. | Performance Evaluation/R1- 4-6-01 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |
| HB 364 Sub. 3 | Governmental Immunity Amendments | Christofferson, Kay J. | This bill: *defines terms; *provides that, in certain circumstances, outside legal counsel is immune from suit to the same extent and on the same basis as an attorney who is an employee of a municipality; and *adds a coordination clause to clarify a technical change made to Section 63G-7-201 in this bill and H.B. 48, Wildland Urban Interface Modifications, if both bills pass and become law. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | |
| HB.371 | Gold Medal Schools Pilot Program | Hall, Katy | This bill: *defines terms; *makes technical changes; *creates a three-year pilot program to promote healthy lifestyle choices in schools; *requires the State Board of Education to administer the program; and * creates a reporting requirement. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could cost participating Local Education Agencies 51,000 each one-time beginning in Fiscal Year 2026 to supplement the program's stipend awards. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | |
| HB 379 Sub. 1 | Population Data Amendments | Gricius, Stephanie | This bill: *defines terms; *in circumstances where a population estimate is available from the Utah Population Committee and the United States Bureau of the Census, requires the use of the census or census estimate only if the Utah Population Committee estimate is unavailable; *requires the Utah Population Committee to annually provide an adjusted sub-county population estimate for each municipality and unincorporated area within the state; *requires government entities to share information with the Utah Population Committee that is necessary for the committee to prepare population estimates; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Inasmuch as a local government's population estimates change as a result of this bill, local sales tax revenue distributions to the local government could be altered. The exact amount is unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 236 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) | | | | |
| HB 381 Sub. 1 | Civics Education Amendments | Welton, Douglas R. | This bill: *adds a social studies graduation requirement; *requires certain social studies related instruction; *extends a deadline for certain instructional materials recommendations; *removes a testing requirement; *provides for alternatives to portions of certain graduation requirements; and *makes technical changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Enactment of this legislation may cost Local Education Agencies (LEAs) \$17 to \$44 per student to update curriculum standards and materials as outlined in the bill. Costs may vary for each LEA based on the required changes and the number of students enrolled in the corresponding courses. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Humanities, Adult Education | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | Y |
| НВ 395 | LEA Reporting Requirements | Welton, Douglas R. | This bill: *requires the state board to study methods for LEAs to report on the costs of implementing new legislation; *outlines the required elements of the report; *requires the state board consult with LEAs; *requires the state board to report findings and recommendations to the Education Interim Committee; *requires legislative committees to review and consider the recommendations; and *makes technical changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Data and Statistics, Board Policy Generally, School Safety | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | |
| НВ 396 | Small School District Scale of Operations Formula | Peterson, Karen M. | This bill: •amends the formula for necessarily existent small schools funding. | House/ to Governor | Support | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation may increase or decrease allocations to certain school districts based on allocations to certain school districts based on allocations under the current Necessarily Existent Small Schools Program and the new formula outlined in the bill. The changes by school district range from a decrease of \$33,900 to an increase of \$1.5 million. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-12(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | V |
| НВ 397 | School Fee Waiver Amendments | Welton, Douglas R. | This bill: *defines terms; *makes technical changes; *requires a local education agency to waive the fee for one school trip per academic year for each student; *limits the number of fee waivers a student may receive; *requires local education agencies to establish a cap on fee waivers; and *allows a student to request a fee waiver for a second trip. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation may reduce fee revenue collected by Local Education Agencies (LEAs) by approximately 575 per secondary student for each waivable trip. The actual amount will vary by LEA depending on the cost of the student trip fee waived. The total impact may be mitigated by students developing an action plan as outlined in the bill. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 399 Sub. 1 | School Attendance Amendments | Stoddard, Andrew | This bill: •establishes chronic absenteeism data requirements and a study. | Senate/ comm rpt/ sent to Rules | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could create an additional cost for Local Education Authorities to administer testing-out assessments to students who choose to take them. The cost would vary depending on size of LEA and number of students requesting to take the assessments and is ultimately unknown. Enactment of this legislation could also create costs for LEAs to provide court-ordered services to habitually truant students. The cost of these services, and whether they would fit into current structures is unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct | Attendance, Data and Statistics | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 402 Sub. 3 | Foods Available at Schools Amendments | Chevrier, Kristen | This bill: *defines terms; *enacts provisions to prohibit consumable items containing certain food additives from being provided in a public school under certain circumstances; and *provides exceptions. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation may cost each school that serves or sells food approximately \$300 per year for the review and monitoring of ingredients as outlined in the bill. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Child Nutrition | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | \vee |
| HB 408 Sub. 2 | School Board Referendum Amendments | Shipp, Rex P. | This bill: *defines terms; *subject to certain exceptions, establishes a process for voters who are residents of a school district to hold a local referendum on any legislative action taken by the local school board, including the local school board's decision to increase a tax or impose a new tax; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could cost counties and municipalities \$0.50 per signature to process referendum petitions, beginning in Fiscal Year 2026. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HR 410 Sub. 1 | Child Care Amendments | Miller, Tracy | This bill: *provides kitchen standards for a nonresidential child care center; *provides that the time employed as a preschool teacher in a child care program is equivalent to the time employed in a public school or accredited private school for purposes of relicensing; *authorizes the use of housing and transit reinvestment zone funds to include expansion of child care facilities within the zone; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could result in municipalities reallocating and expending up to 1% of total housing and transit reinvestment zone funds to pay for the expansion of child care facilities within the boundary of the housing and transit reinvestment zone. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Early Learning | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small reduction in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | > |
| HB 412 Sub. 3 | Boards and Commissions Revisions | Burton, Jefferson S. | This bill: •eliminates requirements providing that no more than a certain number of members of certain boards may be affiliated with or a member of the same political party; •modifies appointment provisions and removes members who are legislators from certain boards; and •makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | Y |
| HB 418 Sub. 1 | Data Sharing Amendments | Fiefia, Doug | This bill: *defines terms; *establishes legislative findings about social media data control and competition; *amends consumer data rights related to social media data; *requires social media companies to implement data interoperability interfaces; *establishes requirements for data sharing between social media services; *grants rulemaking and enforcement authority to the Division of Consumer Protection; *provides for civil penalties; and *includes a severability provision. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that violations occur under the provisions of the bill, a fine of up to \$2,500 or \$5,000 can be assessed for each violation. The total number and aggregate fines are unknown. | Data Privacy | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a medium increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 424 | School Activity Eligibility Commission Amendments | Abbott, Nelson T. | This bill: -broadens the scope of available appointees to the commission; -modifies quorum requirements for the commission; -modifies a requirement to establish certain baseline ranges; -provides that an eligibility determination of the commission is for a given school year; -provides a standard of proof for eligibility determinations of the commission; -prohibits public schools from participating with an athletic association that does not provide administrative staff support to the commission; -provides for the scheduling of commission meetings throughout the school year with certain submission deadlines and ad-hoc meetings for students who do not meet certain deadlines; and -makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ▽ |
| HB 428 Sub. 1 | Property Tax Changes | Koford, Jill | This bill: *requires the minimum basic tax rate imposed by school districts to be certified by consensus between the State Tax Commission, the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget, and the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst; *allows for the use of money in the Public Education Economic Stabilization Restricted Account to fund certain shortfalls in the basic school program; and *makes technical changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could shift approximately \$119 million in property tax revenue away from primary residences and towards other property types. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could shift average property tax rates of 0.000480 or approximately \$119 million in property tax revenue away from primary residences and towards other property types. This would result in an estimated approximate property tax reduction of \$112.51 for owners of a \$500,000 primary residence and an approximate property tax increase of \$480.28 for a \$1 million business. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 432 Sub. 4 | Tobacco and Electronic Cigarette Modifications | MacPherson, Matt | This bill: *repeals the ban on flavored electronic cigarette products; *prohibits the sale of flavored electronic cigarette products if they do not meet certain tracking requirements; *modifies the nicotine content limit for electronic cigarette products; *amends provisions related to electronic cigarette product enforcement; *excludes flavored electronic cigarette products from the requirement that electronic cigarette products obtain premarket authorization from the federal Food and Drug Administration; *creates a temporary registry for flavored electronic cigarette products; *modifies the electronic cigarette product registry; *creates a flavored electronic cigarette product registry; *creates requirements for what type of flavored electronic cigarette products may be sold in the state; *requires the Department of Public Safety to create systems to improve enforcement of tobacco and electronic cigarette laws; *creates penalties for general retail tobacco businesses that sell flavored electronic cigarette products; *raises permit fees for general tobacco retailers; *for retail tobacco specialty businesses: *raises permit fees; *creates identification scanning requirements; and *creates surveillance footage requirements; *creates a tobacco handling permit for retail tobacco specialty business employees and operators; *creates a tax on flavored electronic cigarette products; *amends criminal penalties regarding the illegal sale of tobacco and electronic cigarettes; *products; *creates a criminal penalty for the use of certain flavored electronic cigarettes; *products; *creates a criminal penalty for the use of certain flavored electronic cigarettes; *prohibits retail tobacco specialty businesses from selling a product containing nicotine to a restricted nicotine individual; *requires the court to designate an individual as a nicotine restricted individual if the individual is convicted of providing certain products containing nicotine to a minor; and *includes a coordination clause wit | House/ filed | None | Enactment of this legislation may have the following impacts to State revenue: (1) increase revenues deposited into the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account by an estimated \$7.9 million in FY 2026 and \$8.6 million ongoing in FY 2027 from taxes on flavored electronic cigarette products, (2) new tax of 0.025 percent of retail price on a flavored electronic cigarette product, which is estimated to increase revenues to the newly-created Flavored Electronic Cigarette Product Proceeds Restricted Account by \$459,000 in FY 2026 and \$600,000 ongoing in FY 2027, (3) the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account may see less revenue of a round (\$139,600) in FY 2025 and (\$230,000) ongoing in FY 2026 from the end of fees to register electronic cigarette products, (4) \$46,000 dedicated credits increase annually beginning in FY 2025 from tobacco handling permit fees, (5) around \$14,400 in FY 2025 and \$81,400 in FY 2005 on \$84,700 in FY 2026 dedicated credits from a pilot program to check the effectiveness of radio-frequency identification tags, (6) General Fund revenue increase from the assessment of fines and criminal surcharge fees of \$2,200 in FY 2025 and \$14,100 ongoing in FY 2026, and (7) the Utah State Tax Commission may receive \$10,000 per instance of a tobacco distributor selling to unlicensed retailers of flavored electronic cigarette products. | Child Nutrition, Prevention | | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program | 1 |
| HB 438 Sub. 1 | Environmental Legal Action Amendments | Jack, Colin W. | This bill: *modifies the definition of "environmental action" to address a permit issued by the Division of Oil, Gas, and Mining; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small reduction in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 220 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 444 Sub. 4 | Data Privacy Amendments | Moss, Jefferson | This bill: *defines terms; *modifies requirements for privacy annotations and privacy notices; *modifies requirements for government website privacy notices; *modifies provisions related to data breach notification requirements; *renames and modifies duties of the state privacy auditor; *modifies enforcement provisions related to privacy requirements; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could increase costs for political subdivisions of the state and other governmental entities to comply with the state's data privacy policy and state audit requirements. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Data Privacy | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HB 447 Sub. 3 | Statewide Catalyst Campus Model | Schultz, Mike | This bill: *creates the Catalyst Center Grant Program (program) to support local education agencies (LEA) in creating or expanding catalyst centers; *allows for multi-year grants and capital expenditures; *requires alignment with labor market needs, LEA strategic plans, and state career and technical education goals; *establishes accountability measures, including limits on carryforward funds and annual reporting; *requires Talent Ready Utah and the Utah Leading through Effective, Actionable, and Dynamic Education to create a marketing campaign for the program; *exempts certain individuals from educator licensing requirements; *amends the Public Education Economic Stabilization Restricted Account to fund the program; *creates requirements related to art and fine arts credits; and *makes technical changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Career and Technical Education, STEM+, Fine Arts, Teaching and Learning | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HB 452 Sub. 2 | Artificial Intelligence Amendments | Walter, R. Neil | This bill: *defines terms; * establishes protections for users of mental health chatbots that use artificial intelligence technology; *requires a mental health chatbot to make certain disclosures to users; *provibits certain uses of personal information by a mental health chatbot; *requires a mental health chatbot to make certain disclosures to users; *provides enforcement authority to the Division of Consumer Protection; *establishes requirements for creating and maintaining policies for mental health chatbots; *creates rebuttable presumptions for suppliers who comply with policy requirements; and *provides a severability clause. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that an entity violates this chapter, enactment of this legislation could cost said entity up to \$2,500 per violation in administrative fines. | Data Privacy, Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| HB 453 Sub. 1 | State School Board Transparency Amendments | Brooks, Walt | This bill: *requires the state board to publish information related to state board meetings on the state board's website; and *may require the state board to issue a report. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILL3 - | 236 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 455 Sub. 2 | Utah Fits All Scholarship Program Amendments | Pierucci, Candice B. | This bill: *strengthens residency requirements and income verification process; *amends the definition of the program manager; *creates a financial administrator to process payments and fund expenditures from a scholarship account; *prohibits contracted entities from charging processing fees to families; *establishes deadlines for scholarship acceptance or denial; *limits extracurricular expenses to 20% of the scholarship amount; *limits physical education expenses to an additional 20% of the scholarship amount; *creates procedures for students with special needs; *enhances program manager accountability through audits and transparency; *adds requirements for a local education agency acting as qualified providers; *allows for scholarship amount rollovers; *creates a Utah Fits All Scholarship Restricted Account (the account); *allows funds within the account to accrue interest and be invested; *allows for rollover amounts of unused scholarship awards; *clarifies the State Tax Commission's role in income verification; and *makes technical changes. | Governor Signed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 462 Sub. 1 | Rural School Funding Amendments | Rep. Auxier, Tiara | This bill: *defines terms; *creates the Rural School Sports Facilities Grant Program to fund the construction or refurbishment of sports facilities in rural public schools; *requires the Utah State Board of Education to administer the program; *allows a local education agency to apply for funds from the program; *requires the state board to report on the program upon request; and *makes technical changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could provide Local Education Agencies (LEAs) with one-time grants of up to \$500,000 per eligible school, beginning in PY 2026, to support the construction or refurbishment of school sports facilities. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpartUcA 36- 12-192/kd) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | Y |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 236 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | This bill: | | | | | | | |
| HB 473 Sub. 2 | School Digital Materials Amendments | Peck, Nicholeen P. | **Medines terms; **includes information regarding sensitive material in the information the state board provides through a certain parent portal; **requires each local education agency (LEA) to: **provide certain information to parents at the time of student registration each year; and **maintain a section on the homepage of the LEA's website regarding sensitive material reporting; **allows the state board, an LEA, or the Utah Education and Telehealth Network (UETN) to rescind certain contracts if a vendor does not remove access to digital sensitive material after a number of instances; **requires the state board, an LEA, or UETN to: **remove access to digital instructional material that a vendor provides after a certain threshold of violations; **provide certain notice to each vendor with which the entity contracts to provide digital instructional material in a school setting; and **ensure that any database or school-provided device which a student may access uses a filter or other software to prohibit access to sensitive material; and **makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could cost businesses \$10,000 per day that a vendor is in one-compliance with the legislation, beginning in Fiscal Year 2026. The exact cost is unknown due to the indeterminate occurrence of non-compliance violations. (Substitute 1: no fiscal impact) | Teaching and Learning, Data Privacy | Regulatory ImpactUc/ 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 475 Sub. 1 | Public Funds Reporting Amendments | Walter, R. Neil | This bill: *directs the state auditor to annually prepare a report that states, for each entity that holds public funds, the entity's total balance of cash, cash equivalents, and investments. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations, Internal Audit | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Entrance of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HB 477 | School Trespass Amendments | MacPherson, Matt | This bill: *states that public comment in a local school board meeting that complies with certain restrictions may not be the basis for criminal trespass; *defines and amends terms regarding criminal trespass upon school property, narrowing the scope of the property in question; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Entertuent of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HB 483 Sub. 5 | School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration Modifications | Walter, R. Neil | This bill: *requires the director of the School and Institutional Trust Lands Administration (administration) to complete a valuation of the administration's land portfolio every five years; *requires the director to report annually to the Legislature: *the activities of the administration; *an approximate valuation of the administration's land portfolio; *an audited financial statement of the administration; and *an account of the total amount of funds distributed by the administration; *modifies the list of activities and penalties for illegal activities on trust lands; *provides the circumstances under which the state shall offer for sale trust lands subject to a lease or permit; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | School Children's Trust | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| DILLS - | 236 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | This bill: | | | | | | | |
| HB 484 | State Purchasing Reserve Funding | lvory, Ken | His oil: | House/ comm rpt/ sent to Rules | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Vendors doing business with the state could pay up to \$1 million more per year in procurement fees assuming the higher fee imposed by this legislation is split 50/50 between producer and consumer. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | |
| HB 486 | Number of School Days Amendments | Teuscher, Jordan D. | This bill: *makes technical and conforming changes; *removes the requirement to set a school term from the State Board of Education; *requires a local education agency governing board to set a school term; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that a Local Education Agency (LEA) adjusts their 180-day school year, its daily funding under the Minimum School Program may increase or decrease based on WPU and ADM calculations. Current daily funding ranges from \$20,325 to \$3,369,000 based on LEA size. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB.487 | Women Veterans Day Observance | Peck, Nicholeen P. | This bill: *establishes June 12 as Women Veterans Day; *requires the Department of Veterans and Military Affairs to coordinate activities, special programs, and promotional information relating to Women Veterans Day; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Humanities | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 497 Sub. 4 | Public Education Compliance | Hall, Katy | This bill: *requires the state board to: *use an existing compliance framework to address reports or allegations of noncompliance; *develop a system to address complaints to the Utah Professional Practices Advisory Commission in a timely and expedient manner; and *publish information related to state board meetings on the state board's website; *may require the state board to issue a report; *requires a school district or charter school to provide information to the state board that is necessary for the state board to fulfill a statutory data gathering, compliance, or reporting requirement; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Internal Audit, Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | > |
| HB 508 Sub. 1 | School Data Amendments | MacPherson, Matt | This bill: *defines terms; *creates a Data Systems and Reporting Advisory Committee; *requires the state board to study LEA practices for collection and retention of student personally identifiable information; *requires analysis of LEA student information system costs and capabilities; *requires examination of LEA reporting requirements and potential sunset provisions; *establishes requirements for stakeholder input and coordination; *requires the state board to report findings and recommendations to the Education Interim Committee; and *requires legislative review of recommendations. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-12(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Data and Statistics, Data Privacy | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB.515 | School Lunch Debt Funding | Dailey-Provost, Jennifer | This bill: *defines terms; *makes a technical change; *creates the School Meal Debt Relief Grant Program; *requires the State Board of Education to administer the program; *allows a local education agency to apply for a grant under the program; and *creates a conditional reporting requirement. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that Local Education Agencies (LEAs) have student lunch debt, this legislation could increase their revenues by providing grants to cover those debts, as outlined in the bill. The exact amount is unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Child Nutrition | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | |
| HB.526 | Government Records Access and Management Amendments | MacPherson, Matt | This bill: *provides that the government records ombudsman shall provide resources and services related to a fee dispute in relation to a records request; *modifies provisions regulating costs chargeable by a governmental entity for employee time in processing a records request under the Government Records Access and Management Act; *adds provisions to regulate the disclosure of records and fee information regarding work-related contact information for an employee of a local education agency; *requires a governmental entity to provide an itemized estimate of costs and fees expected to be incurred before the governmental entity begins to process a request or requires payment or deposit when fees are expected to exceed a certain amount; *modifies provisions of the Government Records Access and Management Act to make an appeal to a chief administrative officer an optional process for appealing an estimate of fees that exceeds a certain amount; *provides that a State Records Committee review of an agency access denial, fee waiver denial, or fee estimate dispute is de novo; *requires a political subdivision to permit an optional appeal of an estimate of fees that exceeds a certain amount directly to the State Records Committee; *modifies existing procedures; and *makes conforming changes and style corrections. | House/ filed | None | Enactment of this legislation could cost the Department of Public Safety, from the General Fund, \$77,800 one-time in FY 2025, \$421,900 one-time in FY 2026, and \$466,900 ongoing beginning in FY 2026 for personnel time to provide itemized estimates of expected records collection costs and job descriptions of each employee expected to perform work in processing certain requests. Other agencies could also see increased costs but with fewer requests; their aggregate cost is unknown and likely absorbable. | GRAMA | Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not ever an or significantly expand an existing program. | |
| HB.527 | Federal Requirements Reporting | Abbott, Nelson T. | 53E-1-207. State board report on federal education rules and directives. On or before July 1 of each calendar year, the state board shall submit to the Education Interim Committee and the Federalism Commission a report that includes each interpretation from the United States Department of Education that provides guidance to the state board or an LEA regarding the implementation of United States Department of Education rules or directives. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Data and Statistics | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 529 | School Health Amendments | Strong, Mark A. | This bill: •expands when stock albuterol can be administered during an emergency occurring in a school. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HB 537 | Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind Amendments | Pierucci, Candice B. | This bill: *converts the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind from a public corporation to a subdivision of the State Board of Education (state board); *requires the state board to: *ensure functional operation and oversight; and *administer financial operations; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | Support | Local Government/LO 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| HB 544 | Worker Protection Modifications | Clancy, Tyler | This bill: *defines terms; *prohibits an employer from compelling an employee to attend a meeting or listen to communication of an employer's opinion about a religious or political matter; *provides exceptions to the prohibition; *provides a remedy for an employee who is compelled to attend a meeting or listen to communication of an employer's opinion about a religious or political matter; * requires an employer to: *implement heat risk precautions and cold risk precautions; *implement heat risk precautions and cold risk precautions; *implement recordkeeping requirements pertaining to heat stoke, hypothermia, frostbite, or temperature-related fatalities; *rotify employees with a written description of quotas, adverse actions that may result for failing to obtain a quota, and incentives for meeting a quota; *provide data pertaining to quotas to a requesting employee; *implement recordkeeping requirements pertaining to quotas; and *maintain a workplace safety program for managing risks related to the temperature of the worksite; *provides standards for tracking quotas; *prohibits retailation against an employee who requests records or files a complaint with the Labor Commission (commission); and *provides for commission enforcement. | House/ filed | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| НВ 545 | School District Governance Agreements | Peterson, Karen M. | This bill: •prohibits certain agreements that delegate governance authority over a district or school to a private entity. | House/ to Governor | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HB 549 | Antidiscrimination Amendments | lvory, Ken | This bill: *defines "antisemitism"; *provides that a person is entitled to equal accommodation in all business establishments and places of public accommodation within the state without discrimination on the basis of antisemitism; and *provides that when making a determination related to a penalty enhancement, a trier of fact shall consider whether an action was motivated by antisemitism. | House/ filed | | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 220 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Land Community Ch 26 42 42(2)(2) | | | | |
| HB 550 Sub. 1 | Building Permit Fee Prohibition Amendments | Peterson, Thomas W. | This bill: *prevents a municipality or a county from imposing an inspection fee on a water conservancy district that hires a qualified inspector to conduct inspections on new infrastructure; and *provides a repeal date for the prohibition. | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | | Local Government(LA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that a governmental or quasi- governmental entity hires a qualified inspector to inspect new infrastructure projects, building permit fee revenue for a municipality or county as well as the building permit costs for governmental and quasi- governmental entities could be reduced for inspection services no longer provided. As fee structures and the size and scope of Infrastructure projects vary, so could the amount of reduced building permit fee revenue collected for each project; aggregate amount unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(Z)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB 553 | State Grant Process Amendments | Peterson, Val L. | This bill: *for direct award grants, prohibits an administering agency from using grant funds to administer the grant, unless otherwise provided in the grant appropriation's intent language; *modifies certain reporting requirements for competitive grants; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(C) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(C) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill idoes not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB.556 | Public Contracts Labor Amendments | Owens, Doug | This bill: *defines terms; *directs the Labor Commission to determine the wages for all occupations required for construction projects for each county within the state; and *establishes: *a minimum a contractor may pay a qualifying employee; *record keeping requirements; and *penalties for noncompliance. | House/ filed | | | Financial Operations | | | |
| HB 560 | School Safety Foundation | Wilcox, Ryan D. | This bill: ▶establishes a school safety foundation. | House/ filed | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) If a school safety foundation is authorized by the State Security Chief, costs could be reduced by approximately 30 percent for items purchased through cooperative contracts; the aggregate impact is unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | School Safety | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) | | | | |
| HB 564 | Heath Insurance Prosthetic Amendments | Owens, Doug | This bill: •requires a health benefit plan to offer an additional prosthetic device or orthotic device to assist in enabling physical activity. | House/ filed | | Enactment of this legislation could impact local entities by an estimated \$0.28 per member per month. For local entities covered by PEHP, this could result in an aggregate impact of \$326,400 annually. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HB.566 | Sex Education Instruction Amendments | Peck, Nicholeen P. | This bill: *removes human sexuality from the definition of sex education instruction; and *makes technical changes. | House/ filed | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses | | |
| HB 568 | Half-day Kindergarten Amendments | Pierucci, Candice B. | This bill: *requires LEAs to provide a half-day kindergarten class in each school; *removes language related to a requirement to only provide a half-day class within the LEA and upon parental request; *allows the LEA governing board certain discretion if half-day enrollment is lower than a given threshold; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could cost local education agencies (LEAs) \$51,000 ongoing per half-day kindergarten teacher's salary and up to \$425,000 per portable to purchase and provide extra classroom space, beginning in Fiscal Year 2026. There could be additional costs to provide transportation for the half-day kindergarten students, but the exact cost to LEAs for transportation is unknown. The total cost per LEA will depend on the number of new half-day kindergarten classes added. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Early Learning, Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
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| HOUSE CONCURRENT RESOUTIONS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HCR2 | Concurrent Resolution Directing PEHP Regarding Pharmaceutical Rebates | Thurston, Norman K | This resolution: *directs the Public Employees' Benefit and Insurance Program to give the estimated value of pharmaceutical rebates to state plan members at the point of sale. | Governor Signed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could reduce member costs for purchasing medications by an average of \$2.48 per member per month which would be a total of \$2 million annually beginning in Fy 2026. This cost would be offset by increased employee premiums, resulting in a cost neutral outcome for members. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |

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| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Land Community (CA 20 42 42(2)(x) | | | | |
| HCR.Z | Concurrent Resolution Recognizing Patriots' Day | Brooks, Walt | This resolution: *recognizes the events that occurred at the start of the American Revolution; and *designates April 19 as Patriots' Day. | House/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HCR 15 Sub. 1 | Concurrent Resolution Regarding Religious Freedom | | This resolution: *acknowledges the historical context that supports the inclusion of religion in government and education; *supports the right of public school students and teachers to openly express their faith; *encourages the accommodation of religious observances in government and community settings; *supports the protection of religious symbols in public spaces; and *encourages the fostering of respectful dialogue among diverse faith traditions. | House/ filed | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HOUSE JOINT RESOLUTIONS | | | | | | | | | | |
| HJR 2 | Joint Rules Resolution - Fiscal Note Process | Dailey-Provost, Jennifer | This resolution: *modifies the process by which a sponsor consults with the legislative fiscal analyst regarding a fiscal note; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| HJR 6 Sub. 2 | Joint Rules Resolution - Legislative Process Amendments | Dunnigan, James A. | Inis resolution: | House/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) | | | | |
| HJR.Z | Proposal to Amend Utah Constitution - Property Tax | Koford, Jill | This resolution proposes to amend the Utah Constitution to: *authorize the Legislature to exempt up to 55% of the fair market value of residential property from property tax. | House/ filed | None | Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HJR.8 | Proposal to Amend Utah Constitution - Right to Work | Teuscher, Jordan D. | This resolution proposes to amend the Utah Constitution to: -prohibit the denial of employment to an individual based on membership status in a labor union or employee organization. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| HJR.11 | Joint Resolution on the Foundation for a Strong Utah Future | Peck, Nicholeen P. | This resolution: *highlights the correlation between percentage of households of married parents with children and child power and technical programs to increase upward social mobility and financial stability. *promotes career and technical programs to increase upward social mobility and financial stability. *promotes the Success Sequence to teach students how to create strong family units; and *encourages policies creating family stability and a strong foundation for Utah children. | House/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Fnactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Fnactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
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| HOUSE RESOLUTION | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB.1 | Public Education Base Budget Amendments | Balderree, Heidi | This bill: *requires the State Board of Education (state board) to: *provide information necessary to calculate certain budgetary adjustments by a given date each year; and *establish certain budgetary data reporting requirements and deadlines; *allows the state board to adjust per-teacher amounts for classroom supplies and materials if ongoing funding is insufficient; *amends the state guarantee on local property tax levies to ensure that a hold harmless provision only applies in the case of a change in property valuation; *provides appropriations for the use and support of school districts, charter schools and state education agencies; *sets the value of the weighted pupil unit (WPU) initially at \$4,674 for fiscal year 2025-2026; *Adjusts the number of weighted pupil units (WPUs) in certain programs for student enrollment changes and statutory formula calculations; *appropriates funds to the Uniform School Fund Restricted - Public Education Budget Stabilization Account; *Makes an appropriation from the Uniform School Fund Restricted - Trust Distribution Account to the School LAND Trust program to support educational programs in the public schools; *Adjusts the revenue targets and estimates tax rates for the statewide Basic Rate and WPU Value Rate according to statutory provisions; *provides appropriations for other purposes as described | Governor Signed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation increases the WPU Value Rate portion of the Basic Tax Rate as outlined in statute for the WPU Value increase provided in the bill. The statutory formula indicates that the WPU Value Rate generate an amount based on the prior-year state and local funding mix supporting the Basic School Program, which is approximately an 82/18 percents split in PY 2025. As a result, each percent increase in the WPU Value results in a property tax impact of \$7.9 million, or a total of \$31.5 million statewide for the 4.0 percent increase in the WPU Value included in the bill. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of the legislation may result in additional amounts paid by residential and business property owners due to the statutory WPU Value Rate changes provided in the bill. Local property tax revenue could increase by \$31,508,600 million statewide. For a primary residence valued at \$400,000 and a business valued at \$1.0 million, the impacts are estimated at \$12 and \$54 respectively. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | 77.1.10 | | | | | | | |
| SB 2 | New Fiscal Year Supplemental Appropriations Act | Stevenson, Jerry W. | This bill: -provides budget increases and decreases for the use and support of certain state agencies; -provides budget increases and decreases for the use and support of certain institutions of higher education; -provides budget increases and decreases for other purposes as described; -authorizes full time employment levels for certain internal service funds; and -provides intent language. Money Appropriated in this Bill: This bill appropriates \$1,724,332.001 in operating and capital budgets for fiscal year 2026, including; -151,831,900 from General Fund; and -151,712,438.200 from various sources as detailed in this bill. This bill appropriates \$164,720,300 in expendable funds and accounts for fiscal year 2026, including: -1522,000,000 from General Fund; and -15142,720,300 from various sources as detailed in this bill. This bill appropriates \$101,333,800 in business-like activities for fiscal year 2026, including: -1529,800 from income Tax Fund; and -1510,1074,000 from various sources as detailed in this bill. This bill appropriates \$14,967,700 in restricted fund and account transfers for fiscal year 2026, including: -151,1399,200) from General Fund; and -151,1399,200) from General Fund; and -151,1399,000 from General Fund; and | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(X)0 Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses | | V |
| SB 8 Sub. 1 | State Agency Fees and Internal Service Fund Rate Authorization and Appropriations | Sandall, Scott D. | This bill: *provides budget increases and decreases for the use and support of certain state agencies and institutions of higher education; *authorizes certain state agency fees; *authorizes internal service fund rates; *adjusts funding for the impact of Internal Service Fund rate changes; and, *provides budget increases and decreases for other purposes as described. | Enrolled Bill Returned to House or Senate | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Costs to businesses and individuals could increase as a result of fee changes in this legislation. To see specific fee changes and how they would impact individual transactions and aggregate costs, please refer to the fee changes section of cobi.utah.gov. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| SB13 | Property Tax Reimbursement Amendments | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: defines terms; allows certain rental businesses to charge a fee on the rental of heavy equipment for reimbursement of property taxes (recovery fee); requires recovery fees to be separately itemized and clarifies that recovery fee sare not subject to sales and use tax; prohibits a rental business from charging a recovery fee to a governmental entity, requires the State Tax Commission to coordinate with county auditors and the Multicounty Appraisal Trust to conduct a study on the recovery fee rate and provide a report with recommendations to the Legislature; and requires county auditors and the Multicounty Appraisal Trust to share requested information with the State Tax Commission for purposes of conducting the study. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that heavy equipment rental businesses may lower rental prices as a result of separately assessing a recovery fee, enactment of this legislation could reduce revenue to local governments from local option sales tax collected on such rentals beginning in Fiscal Year 2026; the aggregate impact is unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that recovery fees collected by businesses exceed such businesses' related property tax liability, lessors of heavy equipment rentals may benefit; the aggregate impact is unknown. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | S |

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| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) | | | | |
| SB 17 Sub. 1 | Services for Department of Defense Civilian Employees | Millner, Ann | This bill: * provides certain exemptions from occupational and professional licensure in a variety of occupations and professions for: *a United States Department of Defense employee if the employee has a valid license in another jurisdiction; and *a spouse of a United States Department of Defense employee if the spouse has a valid license in another jurisdiction; *provides in-state residency for tuition purposes at an institution of higher education for a United States Department of Defense employee and the employee's family; *addresses k-12 requirements for a child of a United States Department of Defense employee; *contains a coordination clause to coordinate technical changes between this bill and H.B. 142, Service Member and Veteran Amendments | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Immediate family members of Department of Defense civilians assigned in Utah could save the difference between in-state and out-of-state tuition, in total roughly \$7,659,400 or \$13,600 per student per year on average. Enactment of this legislation could also save an estimated 50 individuals approximately \$150 annually for aggregate savings of \$7,500. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small reduction in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| SB 18 Sub. 1 | Election Fundraising Amendments | McCay, Daniel | This bill: *defines terms; *exempts a campaign contribution for federal office, made by a person other than a lobbyst or principal, from the prohibition on campaign contributions during a legislative session or the time period when the governor may veto a bill; *makes it a crime to make a federal contribution with the intent to influence the governor or a state official to take or not take an action or to reward the governor or a state official for taking or not taking an action | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this bill could increase revenue to local governments by about \$380/case for fines/fees. Local government entities could experience the following estimated expenditures: 1, Prosecutors - \$1,160 per case; 2, Public Defense - \$2,250 per case; 3. County Jails - unknown increase at about \$83/day/offender in incarceration costs; 4. Local Justice Court - unknown increase. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that individuals violate provisions of this bill, this could cost certain offenders about \$1,500/case, however the total amount is unknown. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| SB 19 | Utah Retirement Systems Amendments for Military Personnel | Balderree, Heidi | This bill: provides that employer nonelective contributions made on behalf of an employee to a defined contribution plan vest upon the member's termination of employment, if the member or the member's spouse is a military service member who receives permanent change of station or relectation orders outside the state; allows specified that National Guard personnel, including the adjutant general, to elect to be exempt from the retirement systems, allowing employer contributions to vest immediately | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that spouses of active duty members of the military are vested before the standard four years of service, local governments could see a slight increase in retirement contributions rates. The exact impact is not known. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could result in spouses of active-duty members of the military receiving retirement benefits immediately, before the four-year vesting period, if they qualify under the provisions of this bill. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |

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| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
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| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 20 | Utah Retirement Systems Amendments | Harper, Wayne A. | authorizes a participating employer to elect to pay member contributions that exceed the contribution cap for employees that are members of the Public Employees Tier II Hybrid Retirement System; and requires a participating employer to make an additional nonelective contribution to an employee that is a member of the Public Employees: Tier II Defined Contribution Plan, if the participating employer elects to pay the required member contribution as an employer pick up for employees that are members of the Public Employees' Tier II Hybrid Retirement System | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Local government employers who participate in Utah Retirement Systems may elect to cover required employee contributions to Tier II defined benefit retirement, with a matching percentage contribution to Tier II defined contribution employee accounts. Because this contribution would be voluntary by each employer, the exact potential costs are not known. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 21 | Long-Term Disability Amendments | Harper, Wayne A. | This bill: modifies the definition of objective medical impairment for purposes of the Public Employees' Long-Term Disability Act; amends provisions related to the application for and determination of long-term disability benefits; clarifies which employees are eligible for a disability benefit for a total disability due to a mental objective medical impairment through June 30, 2026; modifies the exclusions for monthly disability benefits; directs the Public Employees' Long-Term Disability program to administer the existing basic long-term benefit for volunteer emergency medical services personnel | | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| SB 22 Sub. 1 | Long-term Disability Benefit Modifications | Harper, Wayne A. | This bill: *modifies the definition of gainful employment for purposes of the Public Employees' Long-Term Disability Act; *includes pay for time that exceeds an eligible employee's regular schedule in the calculation of the eligible employee's regular monthly salary; *establishes a death benefit for employees receiving long-term disability benefits; *makes life assistance counseling that the Utah State Returnent Office offers available to employees receiving long-term disability benefits; *increases the state-paid basic life insurance benefit for exempt state employees; *creates additional state-paid basic life insurance benefit tiers for exempt state employees; and *directs savings from a reduction in long-term disability premium rates be used to pay for the cost of the changes in this bill. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that long-term disability benefits are increased by this bill for eligible public employees, the cost of long-term disability benefits for local and county public sector employers could increase. The exact amount is unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| SB 23 Sub. 1 | First Time Home Buyers Incentives | Harper, Wayne A. | This bill: *modifies definitions; *clarifies owner-occupancy requirements in a first home investment zone; *clarifies how extraterritorial homes may be included in density and owner-occupancy requirements for a first home investment zone; and *makes technical changes. | Senate/ received enrolled bill from Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |

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| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | 100 | | | | |
| SB 25 | Postretirement Reemployment for Emergency Services Workers | Harper, Wayne A. | This bill: modifies the earnings limit for postretirement reemployment as an affiliated emergency services worker; and makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| SB 29 Sub. 2 | Charter School Amendments | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: *provides the state board discretionary authority to allocate funds to adjust charter school enrollment estimates; *specifies funding sources in priority order; *requires reporting to the Office of the Legislative Fiscal Analyst and the Governor's Office of Planning and Budget; and *exempts adjustments from certain budgetary requirements. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | State Charter School Board | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory but an esidents or businesses. | | 8 |
| SB.32 | Class Size Reduction Modifications | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: *renames the appropriation; *modifies provisions regarding the use of class size reduction funding; *modifies which grade levels the program applies to; *requires a local education agency to establish and maintain certain policies regarding teacher to student ratios; *expands permitted uses of the allocation to include certain staff supports; *establishes reporting requirements; *requires certain information to be publicly available; and *makes technical changes. | House/ 3rd Reading Calendar to Rules | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could redistribute existing funding for local education agencies (LEAs) beginning in Fiscal Year 2026. LEAs may experience increases or decreases in funding allocations due to the phased shift in applicable grade levels from K-8 to K-3 over the next five years, based on changes in student population distribution. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36-12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 35 | | Johnson, John D. | requires the state board to establish funding priorities; •creates an annual assessment process for school needs; •provides for a report to the Education Interim Committee; and •makes technical changes. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | SOEP, Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |

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| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
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| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 37 | Minimum Basic Tax Rate Amendments | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: ensures state funding in an amount that covers the total cost of the basic school program for a school district that imposes the combined minimum basic tax rate; requires school districts that impose the combined minimum basic tax to remit to the state the revenue the tax generates; repeals provisions regarding state and local contributions toward the basic school program; and makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Assuming the monthly transfer of local property tax revenue to the state and the subsequent allocation of state funds to the school district occur within the same transaction time frame, enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(Z)d) Enacrment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 39 Sub. 1 | Education Testing Amendments | Johnson, John D. | This bill: *increases the grade range for certain subjects of the state selected standards assessment; and *removes provisions requiring the use of a different assessment. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | Support | Local GovernmentUcA 36:12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| SB 44 Sub. 1 | Professional Licensure Background Checks | Vickers, Evan J. | This bill: *defines terms; *standardizes the requirements for a criminal background check for licensure in certain professions; *clarifies the circumstances under which the Division of Professional Licensing (division) revokes a license, as that revocation applies to a criminal background check; *renames the Physicians Education Fund to the Physicians Education and Enforcement Fund (fund); *authorizes the director of the division to make distributions from the fund under certain circumstances; *requires that the division deposit administrative penalties imposed for unprofessional or unlawful conduct into the fund; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could cause an additional estimated 6,372 people to pay a \$20 background check fee to the Utah Bureau of Criminal Identification and a \$12 background check fee that passes through Public Safety to the FBI, which is an aggregate of about \$127,400 ongoing for the \$20 fee and \$76,500 ongoing for the \$12 fee. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram | Licensing | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of tould result in a small increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| DILL3 - | 250 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | This bill: | | | | | | | |
| SB 46 Sub. 1 | Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana and Other Drug Prevention Program Sunset Extension | Vickers, Evan J. | Addresses the scope of the Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Program; requires the Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Program; requires the Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Committee to meet at least quarterly; *establishes an order of priority for the various program funding distributions from the Electronic Cigarette Substance and Nicotine Product Proceeds Restricted Account; *extends the sunset dates for the Youth Electronic Cigarette, Marijuana, and Other Drug Prevention Committee and Program; *addresses the ability of the state board to reduce distributions to local education authorities for positive behavior specialists or positive behavior plans, if funding is insufficient to cover the costs of the distributions; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | > |
| SB 48 | Behavioral Health Amendments | McKell, Michael K. | This bill: expands the scopes of practice for mental health therapists; and creates the Mental Health Professionals Education and Enforcement Fund. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Currently, approximately 20 people pay a fine of \$500 per year for a total of \$10,000 to the Commerce Service Account. This revenue will shift from the Commerce Service Account to the new account created by this legislation. This legislation could expand the fine to an additional 10 people at \$500 per year, for an additional \$5,000 in revenue to the new account. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram | Student Services, Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation tikely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 50 | Limited Purpose Local Government Entities Board of Trustees Compensation Amendments | Musselman, Calvin R. | This bill: eliminates the compensation limit for a member of a board of trustees of a limited purpose local government entity, requires a board of trustees of a limited purpose local government entity to hold a public hearing on a proposed compensation increase before implementing the compensation increase; and makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could cost local government entities an unknown ongoing amount, beginning in Fiscal Year 2026, due to the possibility of members of the boards of trustees of limited purpose local government entities receiving increased compensation. Costs per local government entity and in aggregate are unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| SB 53 | Election Code Amendments | Musselman, Calvin R. | This bill: standardizes language related to a voter who, after signing a petition, seeks to remove the voter's signature from the petition; reduces the amount of time that the sponsors of a petition for incorporation that passes have to determine certain features of the new municipal government from 60 to 30 days; clarifies the deadline for a candidate for mayor or municipal council of a newly incorporating municipality to file a declaration of candidacy; clarifies that the county clerk determines whether to remove a voter's signature from a petition for incorporation of a municipality, repeals the in-state residency requirement for a signature-gatherer who circulates a petition on behalf of. an organization of registered ovters seeking to become a registered political party; or a candidate for elective office seeking the nomination of a registered or qualified political party; repeals provisions related to the in-state residency requirement described above; for a regular primary or presidential primary election, or for certain regular general or statewide special elections, requires a board of canvassers to immediately transmit to the lieutenant governor certain vote total information; eliminates the requirement that a board of canvassers make the transmission described above by telephone, fax, or mal; establishes a process for a voter who signs a petition on behalf of a candidate for elective office seeking the nomination of a registered political party to have the voter's signature removed from the petition | | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 54 Sub. 1 | Appearance of Candidate Name on Ballot | Pitcher, Stephanie | This bill: **establishes criteria for permitting a candidate to: **use the candidate's middle name instead of the candidate's first name on a ballot; **use the candidate's middle name on a ballot; **use the candidate's initial on a ballot; **establishes a procedure for a candidate to request that the candidate's name appear on a **ballot as described in the preceding paragraph; and **provides for an appeal of a rejection of a request described in the preceding paragraph. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation)R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| SB.66 | School Personnel Amendments | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: amends the definitions of classified school employee and classified employee to "education support professional"; and makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | \ |
| SB 72 | Family Leave Requirements Amendments | Blouin, Nate | This bill: *defines terms; *includes family leave insurance in the definition of income replacement and disability income insurance, making family leave insurance subject to the same statutory requirements as income replacement and disability income insurance | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 75 | Family Stabilization Amendments | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: -defines terms; -creates the Center for Healthy and Meaningful Play (center) to be administered by the Emma Eccles jones College of Education and Human Services at Utah State University; and -describes the center's duties and responsibilities, including the focus on the science, practice, and promotion of children's play in the areas of: -childrood development; -community development; -educational play opportunities; and -youth sports. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) | | | | |
| SB 85 | Income Tax Rate Amendments | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: **Jeffines terms; **provides for a reduction of the income tax rate when the actual state revenue exceeds the forecast revenue; **provides a formula and process for calculating a reduction of the income tax rate; **requires the State Tax Commission to annually publish the income tax rate; **changes the mineral production tax withholding rate; and **makes technical and conforming charges. | Senate/ filed | None | Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that actual state revenue collections exceed the forecasted revenue amounts as defined, the associated reduction in the income tax rate could result in decreased income taxes paid in subsequent fiscal years; this is estimated to reduce income taxes for individuals and businesses by approximately \$1,500,000 in FY 2027, \$98,000,000 in FY 2028, and \$80,600,000 in FY 2029 in aggregate; individual impacts will vary. Actual impacts would vary depending on the year and extent to which actual collections exceed thresholds for each year. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 86 Sub. 1 | Workplace Protection Amendments | Plumb, Jen | This bill: *reduces the number of employees a person may employ before being considered an employer subject to the Utah Antidiscrimination Act for employment; and *amends the definition of sexual harassment. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utahs.gov/newprogram | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | Y |
| SB 88 | School Funding for Veterans Day Commemorations | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: **defines terms; **establishes the Veterans Day School Assembly Pilot Program (pilot program); **requires the State Board of Education to administer the pilot program and post best practices; and **repeals the pilot program on July 1, 2027. | House/ return to Rules due to fiscal impact | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could increase revenues to participating local Education Agencies (LEAs) of up to \$1,000 one-time, beginning in FY 2026, to support Veterans Day assemblies. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utahs.gov/newprogram | Humanities | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 93 | Juvenile Justice Career Training Amendments | Owens, Derrin R. | This bill: **adds juverile justice as a delineated talent advisory council; and **makes technical changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Adult Education | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| TOTAL | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 230 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Land Community Ch 25 42 42(2)(c) | | | | |
| <u>SB 95</u> | Truth in Taxation Amendments | Balderree, Heidi | This bill: *defines "meeting" to align with the definition in the Open and Public Meetings Act to durify that a public hearing on increasing the property tax rate above the certified tax rate requires the presence of a quorum of the taxing entity; and **makes technical changes. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| SB 98 | Parental Education on Student Use of Technology Amendments | Wilson, Chris H. | This bill: **requires the State Board of Education to: **requires the State Board of Education to: **recate a video presentation for parents regarding potential safety and legal issues a student may encounter regarding the student's use of technology, and **make the video presentation available to each school district so that the school district may provide the video presentation to parents; **provides a sunset date** | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could cost districts between s220 and \$4,500 per seminar or up to \$13,500 annually for the required three seminars. The financial impact will vary based on the size of the district, the number of charter schools within its boundaries, and the approach the district chooses to facilitate the seminar, such as offering in-person versus virtual sessions or using district-developed versus state-provided curriculum. These costs encompass facilitation, materials, and preparation expenses. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utahs.gov/newprogram | Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ₩ |
| SB 99 Sub. 4 | Excellence in Education and Leadership Supplement Amendments | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: **named sensiting timeline and appropriation requirements to the Excellence in Education and relaterathip Stupelement of Education to obtain and house a web-based application portal; and **makes technical changes. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could allow Local Education Agencies (LEAs) to utilize up to 4% of their ongoing allocated funds, beginning in FY 2026, to cover fixed and variable administrative costs associated with the award program. This could collectively allow up to \$6,484,000 statewide for administrative purposes. The specific amount available to each LEA will vary depending on their individual allocation. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-12(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 102 Sub. 7 | Public Education Funding Modifications | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: **establishes sunset dates for each of the following: *chhancement for Accelerated Students Program; *concurrent enrollment funding: *student health and counseling support; *Teacher Student and Success Program; *dual language immersion; *dual language immersion; *dysal Teaching and Learning and reprogram; *strate for professional learning and sprofessional start weighted pupil unit; *requires funds for each program be appropriated to the flexible allocation if the program is repealed | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(Z)(c) Enactment of this legislation could result in a redistribution of funding to Local Education Agencies (LEAs) due to the program repeals outlined in the bill, depending on future legislative decisions. The impact will depend on each LEA's participation in the affected programs and the redistribution formula based on Weighted Pupil Unit (WPU) under the Flexible Allocation. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations, Teaching and Learning, Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| SB 105 | Student Privacy and Modesty in Public Education | Plumb, Jen | This bill: *defines terms; and *enacts provisions regarding a student's reasonable expectation of individual privacy and personal modesty in the public education system; including: *prohibiting any requirement that a student undress in the presence of another individual; and *establishing options for local education agencies which constitute compliance regarding the prohibition. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Local Education Agencies (LEAs) that choose to install privacy protections for students may incur additional costs. The amount may vary for each facility and depend on existing infrastructure. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-12(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Board Policy Generally, Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(Z)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| SB 107 | Education Scholarship Amendments | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: *requires scholarship granting organizations to verify Utah residency through multiple forms of documentation; *prohibits scholarship granting organizations from charging any fees to families; *mandates independent audits of all scholarship granting organizations regardless of scholarship amount; *requires public disclosure of all third-party contracts and associated fees; *establishes a formal appeals process for denied expense reimbursements; *limits extracturicular and physical education expenses to 20% of the scholarship amount; *requires specific deadlines be created for scholarship notification and acceptance; *removes the requirement for home school affidavit documentation | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB.111 | Public Education Governance Amendments | Millner, Ann | This bill: *defines terms; *amends provisions regarding the appointment, authority, and duties of the state superintendent of public instruction; *amends provisions regarding the scope of authority and duties of employees of the State Board of Education (state board); *amends provisions to describe the level of autonomy of local education agencies relative to the state superintendent and state board employees; *requires a certain process for the state board to follow upon receipt of a complaint of a violation of state statute, including establishing additional corrective action remedies the state board may use; *directs the state board to ensure that core standards are achievable when taken as a whole in context of the quantity and scope of established core standards; *establishes a repeal date for a generic grant of rulemaking authority; | Senate/ filed | Oppose | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram | Board Policy Generally, Internal Audit | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 116 | Income Tax Modifications | McCay, Daniel | This bill: *amends the corporate franchise and income tax rates; and *amends the individual income tax rate. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could reduce income taxes for individuals and businesses by an estimated \$1,800,000 in FY 2025, \$118,000,000 in FY 2026 and \$97,000,000 in FY 2027 in aggregate resulting from the lower income tax rate; individual impacts will vary. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 119 Sub. 1 | Domestic Relations Recodification | Weiler, Todd D. | This bill: *clarifies the jurisdiction of the juvenile and district courts with regards to adoptions; *clarifies and coordinates definitions related to domestic relations; *recodifies and amends Title 78B, Chapter 15, Utah Uniform Parentage Act, to Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act, including changing the term, "support-enforcement agency" to "child support services agency"; *recodifies and amends Title 78B, Chapter 14, Utah Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, to Title 81, Chapter 8, Uniform Interstate Family Support Act, including: *defining terms to coordinate with the definitions in Title 81, Chapter 5, Uniform Parentage Act, and *changing the term, "support-enforcement agency" to "child support services agency"; *recodifies Title 78B, Chapter 20, Uniform Deployed Parents Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation Act, to Title 81, Chapter 10, Uniform Deployed Parents Custody, Parent-time, and Visitation Act, *recodifies Title 78B, Chapter 13, Utah Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, to Title 81, Chapter 11, Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, *recodifies Title 78B, Chapter 6, Part 1, Utah Adoption Act, to Title 81, Chapter 13, Adoption; *clarifies provisions regarding adoption, including: *definitions related to adoption; *access to adoption records by a potential birth father that is allowed to intervene in an adoption proceeding; *that a petitioners' shome includes a temporary place of abode in certain circumstances; *clarifying the time periods associated with adoption; and *requirements for adoption gan adult; *allows an adoption proceeding to be brought in a judicial district rather than a county, *repeals a tatute requiring a person filing a petition for the adoption of an alien child to include written evidence of lawful admission of the alien child; *recodifies Title 78B, Chapter 24, Uniform Unregulated Child Custody Transfer Act, to Title 81, Chapter 14, Uniform Unregulated Child Custody Transfer Act, to Title 81, Chapter | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUC4 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 122 | Sales Tax on Food Amendments | Blouin, Nate | This bill: *removes the state sales and use tax imposed on amounts paid or charged for food and food ingredients; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could reduce sales taxes paid by businesses and individuals by approximately \$1995 million in FY 2026 and \$227.8 million in FY 2027, in aggregate, resulting from the removal of state sales tax on food and food ingredients. For a household which spends \$7,000 annually on such goods, this could result in a decrease in sales taxes paid of approximately \$123 per year; individual impacts will vary. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Child Nutrition | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 124 Sub. 4 | Landscaping Procurement Amendments | Pitcher, Stephanie | This bill: •defines terms; and •under certain conditions, requires that procured landscape maintenance equipment be electric-powered. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that local governments provide landscaping services for state government facilities, this could cost local governments an unknown amount one-time in FY 2026 to replace landscaping equipment. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB.135 | Educational Medical Services Amendments | Riebe, Kathleen A. | This bill: *defines terms related to educational medical services. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 137 Sub. 4 | Course Choice Empowerment | Cullimore, Kirk A. | This bill: **establishes standards for educational software and hardware procurement; **removes references to a contractor from the Statewide Online Education Program statute; **rereates an online course choice program specifically for private school students; **requires the program be administered by an independent program manager contracted by the State Board of Education; **allows eligible students to earn credits through online courses, including courses in blended-learning environments; **establishes a contract administrator role to oversee program implementation; **authorizes the state board to contract with multiple entities for different program functions; **provides for state oversight while maintaining program independence; **creates transition provisions if program manager contracts end; **requires separate funding from public education programs; **requires program manager to: **approve and oversee course providers; | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | ✓ |

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| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 141 | Office of Student Health Affairs | Riebe, Kathleen A. | This bill: *defines terms; *creates the Office of Student Health Affairs within the Department of Health and Human Services; *creates a director to oversee the office; *establishes the office's duties; *creates a reporting requirement; and *establishes a repeal date for some of the office's duties. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | |
| SR 142 Sub. 6 | App Store Accountability Act | Weiler, Todd D. | This bill: *defines terms; *requires app store providers to: *verify a user's age category; *obtain parental consent for minor accounts; *notify users and parents of significant changes; *share age category and consent data with developers; and *protect age verification data; *prohibits app store providers from: *enforcing contracts against minors without parental consent; and *misrepresenting parental content disclosures; *requires developers to: *verify age category and consent status through app stores; and *notify app stores of significant changes; *prohibits developers from: *enforcing contracts against minors without verified parental consent; and *misrepresenting parental content disclosures; *designates violations of certain provisions as deceptive trade practices; *requires the Division of Consumer Protection to establish standards for age verification methods; *creates a private right of action for parents of harmed minors; *provides a safe harbor for compilant developers; and *includes a seeverability clause. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory impactUCA 36-12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a medium increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | V |
| SB 146 | Glucagon Amendments | Plumb, Jen | This bill: -defines terms; -makes technical changes; -allows a school to stock glucagon kits; -allows a qualified adult to administer a glucagon kit to a student experiencing hypoglycemia; -establishes a standing prescription for a school to obtain glucagon kits; -exempts certain parties from civil liability when administering or prescribing a glucagon kit; and -establishes training for the use and storage of a glucagon kit. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation would allow Local Education Agencies (LEA) to purchase glucagon kits, which on average cost \$266. The potential cost could vary by LEA or district depending on how many schools are in the district and how many kits are purchased by each school, so the aggregate cost is unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | V |
| SB 151 Sub. 1 | Income Tax Contributions Amendments | lpson, Don L. | This bill: **establishes the Statewide Hunger Relief Fund (fund); **allows taxpayers, through the individual income tax return, to contribute to the fund to support the Utah Food Bank in fighting hunger statewide; *requires the State Tax Commission to make annual disbursements from the fund to the Utah Food Bank; *provides for the removal of the contribution from the income tax return if the contribution does not generate a certain amount of money each year for a specified period | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation may increase voluntary contributions on income tax returns. An estimated 1,500 individuals may contribute an average of \$20 for an aggregate \$30,000 in contributions annually to the newly created Statewide Hunger Relief Fund; actual impacts may vary. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | V |

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| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
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| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 154 Sub. 3 | Legislative Audit Amendments | Brammer, Brady | This bill: *restates the authority of the legislative auditor general; *amends provisions governing information that may be subject to federal law and is requested by the legislative auditor general from an entity, including the State Tax Commission; *excludes certain information provided to the legislative auditor general from the definition of "record"; *permits an entity to provide certain privileged items to the legislative auditor general; *requires an entity that withholds certain privileged items from the legislative auditor general to expressly assert a privilege; *permits the legislative auditor general to contest a privilege claim; *requires, in certain circumstances, an entity to submit privileged items to an arbitrator to determine a privilege claim; *authorizes the legislative auditor general to provide certain information to an audited entity; *amends the definition of "chief officer" for purposes of an entity responding to a legislative audit; *amends provisions governing an audit response plan and an update to a plan; *authorizes the legislative auditor general to review and monitor the Utah System of Higher Education; *coordinates enactment of provisions with S.J.R. 4, Joint Resolution Amending Court Rules on Attorey Confidentiality; and *makes technical corrections. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Internal Audit | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | ✓ |
| SB 156 Sub. 2 | Pari-mutuel Horse Racing | Hinkins, David P. | This bill: *defines terms; *creates the Pari-mutuel Horse Racing Commission (commission); *provides for the commission's membership, authority, and duties; *requires the state auditor to audit the commission's accounting; *allows the commission to issue licenses and permits for pari-mutuel events; *allows the commission to inforce fines and penalties for permit and license violations; *requires voters to approve pari-mutuel horse racing and wagering within a county before the commission issues permits in the county; *requires a permittee other than a political subdivision to post a bond or other financial assurance; *provides for simulcasting and advance deposit pari-mutuel wagering; *provides for takeouts of certain percentages from the winning wagers for certain purposes; *prohibits bribery, touting, and wagering involving minors; *requires the identification of horses; *prohibits certain treatment of animals in relation to pari-mutuel events; and *creates restricted accounts. | Senate/ filed | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this bill could increase counties' costs of preparing information for elections on or before December 31, 2025. Assuming annual wagering of \$450 million, enactment of this legislation may generate approximately \$4.5 million in annual revenue for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Assuming annual wagering of \$450 million, enactment of this legislation may result in individuals paying a cumulative total of approximately \$28.8 million per year to state and local governments. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/meyprogram | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a medium increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | 0 |
| SB 163 Sub. 1 | Government Records Amendments | Harper, Wayne A. | This bill: *defines terms; *requires a summary of government records requirements to be developed and provided to employees of a governmental entity; *modifies provisions relating to fees charged in relation to a record request; *modifies requirements for responding to a record request, including: *deadlines; *a request for an expedited response; *appeals; and *other requirements; *modifies provisions relating to the State Records Committee; *requires a governmental entity to conduct an annual review of records retention requirements and compliance with those requirements; *amends requirements for an ordinance or policy adopted by a political subdivision in relation to public records; *makes it a crime to destroy a record with the intent to avoid disclosure in response to a pending record request, and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could increase revenue to local governments by about \$350 per case for fines/fees. Local government entities could experience the following estimated expenditures: 1. Prosecutors - \$812 per case; 2. Public Defense - \$975 per case; 3. County Jails - unknown increase at about \$83 per day per offender in incarceration costs; 4. Local Justice Court- unknown increase. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that individuals violate provisions of this legislation, this could cost certain offenders about \$680 per case, however the total amount is unknown. | GRAMA | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(Z)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill does not create a new program or signification expand and existing program. | |

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| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | This Late. | | | | | | | |
| SB.168 | Public Employee Negotiation Amendments | Hinkins, David P. | This bill: *defines terms; *establishes the Labor Relations Board (board); *describes the composition and duties of the board; *describes the composition and duties of the board; *describes the entities the board may employ; *establishes the board's rulemaking authority; *establishes the board's rulemaking authority; *establishes who may serve as counsel for public employers and the board; *retaires rotections for public employees regarding self-organization; *allows a public employer to deduct an employee's dues for a collective bargaining unit from an employee's pay; *requires that labor organizations represent employees without discriminations; *requires that labor additional represent employees without discriminations; *requires that the board investigate a petition on a representation question under certain circumstances; *establishes criteria and the function of a representation election at the direction of the board; *establishes management rights of a public employer; *establishes aduty to bargain collectively for both the public employer and an exclusive representative; *describes what a collective bargaining agreement shall contain; *permits and describes the mediation of disputes relating to collective bargaining; *establishes fact finding proceedings in a dispute relating to collective bargaining; *establishes fact finding proceedings in a dispute relating to collective bargaining; *establishes fact finding proceedings in a dispute relating to collective bargaining; *establishes the process by which an unfair labor practice is investigated and resolved; *establishes he process by which an unfair labor practice is investigated and resolved; *establishes a hearing process for an unfair labor practice is investigated and resolved; *establishes the process of which an unfair labor practice is investigated and resolved; *establishes the process of which an unfair labor practice omplaint hearing; *describes the process of the court enforcement and review of a board order; *proh | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | |
| SB 169 Sub. 2 | Governmental Immunity Act Amendments | Weiler, Todd D. | This bill: *defines a term; *requires a governmental entity to file a statement with Division of Corporations and Commercial Code containing: *any doing-business-as name the governmental entity utilizes; *the office or agent designated to receive service of a summons and complaint; and *the physical address to which service of a summons and complaint is to be delivered by hand or transmitted by mail; *prohibits a governmental entity from challenging the validity of a notice of claim, or the sufficiency of service of a summons and complaint, if the governmental entity: *fails to file or update the statement described above; and *has actual notice of the notice of claim or the summons and complaint; *fa challenge described above is not prohibited, requires a claimant to prove that the claimant used reasonable diligence in attempting to discover the identity of a governmental entity using a doing-business-as name; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Human Resources, Board Policy Generally, UPAAC | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | V |
| SB 170 Sub. 3 | School Discipline Amendments | Escamilla, Luz | This bill: -consolidates and clarifies existing school physical intervention provisions into a single section of code; -crequires the State Board of Education to establish administrative rules for physical intervention in schools; -establishes standards for use of physical restraint in schools; -establishes standards for use of physical restraint in schools; -edefines allowed incidences of seclusion in schools; -requires local education agencies to collect and report data on incidents of student confinement; -provides for investigation and enforcement requirements; -outlines liability protections and exceptions; -establishes consequences for violations of the law; and -makes technical changes. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Student Services, Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | ¥ |

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| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 173 | School Meal Amendments | Escamilla, Luz | General Description: This bill provides free breakfast and lunch to all students in a public school. Highlighted Provisions: This bill: -defines terms; -creates the Universal Free School Meals Program; -provides free meals to students enrolled in public schools; -creates a restricted account to assist in funding the school meals; and -makes technical changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Individuals & GusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Individuals & G | Child Nutrition | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | |
| SB 178 Sub. 1 | Devices in Public Schools | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: *defines terms; *prohibits a student from using a cellphone, smart watch, or emerging technology during classroom hours; *allows a local education agency to create exemptions to the prohibition; and *permits the State Board of Education to create model policies. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | S |
| SB 188 Sub. 5 | School District Modifications | Grover, Keith | Inis bill: *defines terms; *enacts dates regarding the redistricting of local school board districts after the creation of certain new school districts; *enacts dates regarding the redistricting of local school board districts after the creation of certain new school districts; *amends the duties of the Office of the Legislative Auditor General to include receiving and providing certain information during the transition process from divided to new school districts; *extends, by an additional year, the rights of transferred employees regarding salary and benefits; *extends, by an additional year, the rights of transferred employees regarding salary and benefits; *educes the body of voters whose approval is required to create a new school district to voters within the proposed new school district; *reduces the threshold for interlocal participants to propose a new school district to a majority of municipallities that are participants in the interlocal agreement; *amends certain dates regarding election cycles following the creation of a new school district; *amends certain deadlines for the duties of municipal legislative bodies, county legislative bodies, local school boards, and other entities under certain circumstances after the creation of a new school district; *enacts provisions regarding the transition from a divided school district to new and reorganized new school districts, including: **executed of the divided school district; *the actual transfer of funds, property, assets, and liabilities; *records of the divided school district; *the actual transfer of funds, property, assets, and liabilities; *retures agovernment entity to send an invoice before requiring payment of past fees before processing a new request; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent a new or reorganized school district requires the services of the State Auditor, they may experience increased costs of \$1,000,000 ongoing in FY 2026 and \$475,000 one-time in FY 2025 for seismic safety and deferred maintenance studies as well as administrative functions as outlined in the bill. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(Z)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | ✓ |

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| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 197 Sub. 4 | Property Tax Amendments | McCay, Daniel | This bill: *defines terms; *prohibits taxpayers from receiving the homeowner's credit unless the taxpayer received the credit within the previous two years, beginning in 2026; *removes requirements for annual inflation adjustments for the homeowner's credit; *Increases the household income limits and maximum credit amounts allowed for a renter's credit; *changes the qualifications, scope, duration, and rates of interest applicable to the discretionary and nondiscretionary property tax deferral programs; *prohibits taxpayers from receiving indigent abatement unless the taxpayer received the abatement within the previous two years, beginning in 2026; *requires a county auditor to include information on the property tax valuation notice regarding the availability of tax deferral programs; *requires a county treasurer to include information on the tax notice regarding the amount of outstanding taxes and interest for taxpayers who receive a deferral; *prohibits taxpayers from receiving more than one of certain forms of property tax relief; *includes a coordination clause to address substantive and technical conflicts if this bill and H.B. 20, Property Tax Code Recodification, both pass and become law; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could result in a statewide reduction in property tax credit to individuals that claim the homeowner's credit to yan estimated \$1.45 million in 2025, \$2.92 million in 2026, \$4.40 million in 2027, \$5.89 million in 2028, and \$7.39 million in 2029 when the credit may be reduced to zero. Upon phase out of the homeowner's credit, property valuations for individuals currently receiving the homeowner's credit may increase by 20% in the absence of the valuation reduction. For a recipient who owns a \$500,000 primary residence, this could result in a tax increase of approximately \$930.30, while other taxpayers may see a decrease in property taxes of approximately \$4.45 for a \$500,000 primary residence and \$16.20 for a \$1,000,000 business; individual impacts will vary. Enactment of this legislation could also result in a reduction in total renter's credit received statewide by an estimated \$18,000 in 2025, \$5,500 in 2025, and \$35,600 in 2027 in aggregate resulting from changes to the annual CPI adjustments; individual impacts will vary. | Financial Operations | Regulatory impactUCA 36-12-13(Z)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing | ✓ |
| SB 198 Sub. 1 | Federal Guidance Letter Amendments | Stratton, Keven J. | This bill: *defines terms; *requires a state agency to publish certain federal guidance letter information received by the state agency on public websites and transmit copies to the Legislature; and *establishes standards for federal guidance letter information published on a state agency's website. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing | ✓ |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| BILLS = | 236 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | This bill: | | | | | | | |
| SB 202 Sub. 2 | Property Tax Revisions | Wilson, Chris H. | requires counties to annually provide the State Tax Commission (commission) with a preliminary assessment book before delivery to the county auditor; requires the commission to take corrective action upon a county officer's noncompliance with assessment duties; describes forms of corrective action that the commission may take against a county officer; requires commission assistance upon a county officer's noncompliance with assessment duties for a certain period of time; requires commission assistance upon a county officer's noncompliance with assessment duties for a certain period of time; increases the costs paid by counties that request and receive appraisal assistance from the commission; repeals newspaper publication requirements applicable to certain property tax increase proposals; requires taxing entities holding a public hearing for certain property tax increase proposals to allow for in-person or virtual participation; requires taxing entities holding a public hearing for certain property tax increase proposals to allow for in-person or virtual participation; requires the property tax valuation notice provided by county auditors to include taxpayer instructions for appealing a property's valuation; requires the property tax valuation notice provided by county auditors; requires the commission to provide education and training to specified county officers in addition to hearing officers; requires county officers subject to the education and training requirements to complete the education and training hearing officers; requires counties to ensure taxpayers have the ability to submit property valuation; requires counties to annually report appeals information to the commission for reporting to the Legislature; requires counties to annually report appeals information to the commission for reporting to the Legislature; requires the axing property valuation; requires the Multicounty Appraisal Trust to use trust funds to: develop and maintain a statewide web portal for the uniform electronic filling of prope | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that local governments may no longer be required to advertise certain property tax notices in newspapers, enactment of this legislation could decrease costs for local governments; cost savings for individual taxing entities will vary and the aggregate impact is unknown. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation)R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUC 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 205 | Student Privacy Amendments | Plumb, Jen | This bill: *defines "multiuser unisex restroom"; *makes technical changes; *allows the inclusion of a multiuser unisex restroom to satisfy a government entity's obligations to certain classes of individuals; and *allows government entities to construct new multiuser unisex restrooms to preserve individual privacy. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | Student Services | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | Performance EvaluationJR1- 4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | |
| SB 214 Sub. 1 | Health Insurance Coverage Amendments | Kwan, Karen | This bill: *amends the definition of "diagnosis of autism spectrum disorder" in Title 31A, Insurance Code, to include assessments, evaluations, or tests performed by additional licensed professional; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small reduction in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 223 Sub. 1 | Public Education Bullying Amendments | McKell, Michael K. | This bill: -amends the definition of "bullying"; -defines the terms "staff bullying" and "student bullying"; and -makes technical corrections. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Prevention | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| SB.224 | Property Tax Relief Modifications | Harper, Wayne A. | This bill: *increases the household income limits and credit amounts allowed for a homeowner's credit and a renter's credit; and *makes technical changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation expands eligibility for the homeowner's credit which will cause a tax shift to other property taxpayers. The changes may result in an annual property tax shift of approximately 68 cents per year for a primary residence of \$400,000 and \$3.08 for a \$1 million business. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB.225 | Government Records Access and Management Act Amendments | Grover, Keith | This bill: *provides that a building plan prepared by an architect that bear the architect's seal may be classified as a protected record; *allows a government entity, upon discovery of an inadvertent improper disclosure of a record, to notify the requester to which the record was disclosed; *requires a recipient of an inadvertently disclosed record to destroy or return the inadvertently disclosed record; *amends provisions related to penalties for improper disclosure to address inadvertent disclosure fecords; and *makes technical changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that more people are convicted as a result of this legislation, this could increase revenue to local governments by about \$350 per case for fines/fees. Local government entities could experience the following estimated expenditures: 1. Prosecutors - \$812 per case; 2. Public Defense - \$975 per case; 3. County Jails - unknown increase at about \$83 per day per offender in incarceration costs; 4. Local Justice Court-unknown increase. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that individuals violate provisions of this legislation, this could cost certain offenders about \$680 per case. However, the total amount is unknown. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | GRAMA | Regulatory Impact UCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 226 Sub. 2 | Artificial Intelligence Consumer Protection Amendments | Cullimore, Kirk A. | This bill: -defines terms; -requires certain disclosures when generative artificial intelligence is used in consumer transactions and regulated services; -establishes liability for violations of consumer protection laws involving artificial intelligence; -provides a safe harbor for certain disclosures; -grants rulemaking and enforcement authority to the Division of Consumer Protection; -establishes penalties for violations; and -extends the repeal date of the Artificial Intelligence Policy Act. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could result in businesses facing an administrative fine of up to \$2,500 and up to \$5,000 in civil penalties. The aggregate is unknown. | Data Privacy | a small | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | V |

| USBE Legisla | tive Bill Tracker 2025 | | | | | | | | | |
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| TOTAL | 220 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 232 | School District Seismic Safety and Maintenance | Grover, Keith | This bill: *enacts provisions for the transition from a divided school district to new and reorganized new school districts regarding certain seismic safety and deferred maintenance evaluations. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent a new or reorganized school district requires the services of the State Auditor, they may experience increased costs of \$1,000,000 ongoing in FY 2026 and \$475,000 one-time in FY 2025 for seismic safety and deferred maintenance studies as well as administrative functions as outlined in the bill. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 242 | Public Employees' Benefit and Insurance Program Modifications | Musselman, Calvin R. | This bill: -provides coverage under the Public Employees' Benefit and Insurance Program for qualified assisted reproductive technology. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/mewprogram | Human Resources | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ₩ |
| SB 244 | Modifications to Income Tax | Blouin, Nate | This bill: *imposes a separate income tax rate on individual, estate, and trust income over \$1,000,000; *adjusts the \$1,000,000 for inflation; *makes the earned income tax credit refundable; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could increase income taxes paid by individuals with state taxable income greater than 51 million in a taxable year by an estimated \$150,700,000 in aggregate beginning in tax year 2026; individual impacts will vary. Enactment of this legislation could also decrease income taxes paid by individuals who qualify for the refundable Earned Income Tax Credit by an estimated (565,600,000) in aggregate beginning in tax year 2026; individual impacts will vary. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| DILL3 - | 236 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 249 | Student Integration Amendments | Cullimore, Kirk A. | This bill: *defines the term, "forcible felony"; *addresses a school integration plan for a student who commits a forcible felony; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | YIC | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | n/a | |
| SB 254 | State Grant Revisions | Escamilla, Luz | This bill: *requires that an appropriation for a direct award grant include the grant's disbursement schedule, deliverables, reporting requirements, and performance metrics. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| SB 256 Sub. 2 | General Government and Appropriations Amendments | Plumb, Jen | This bill: *repeals the Rural Health Care Facilities restricted account; *appropriates money to the State Tax Commission (tax commission) for distribution to certain counties and municipalities to improve the delivery of health care in rural areas of the state; *requires the insurance commissioner to update the state's essential health benefits plan with benefits mandated since January 1, 2012; *allows the insurance commissioner to update the plan described above to incorporate federally mandated benefits under the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act; *repeals the tax commission's reporting requirements related to the tax commission's collection of the beer excise tax; *authorizes the Labor Commission (commission) to use certain restricted account funds to pay the salary and benefits of a compliance officer for the commission's Division of Occupational Safety and Health; *grants the Department of Government Operations (department) the authority to operate the department as an internal service fund agency to provide certain government-related services; *establishes a process for an internal service fund agency to compensate the agency's employees at a rate that is equivalent to state agency employees by submitting a proposed increased rate schedule to the rate committee after the annual legislative session; *requires the rate committee to convene a meeting within 30 days of receiving the rate schedule described above to review and approve or reject the increased rate schedule; *repeals an outdated reference to the former Department of Administrative Services; and *makes technical and conforming changes. Money Appropriates (§218,900) in restricted fund and account transfers for fiscal year 2025, all of which is from the General Fund. This bill appropriates (§218,900) in restricted fund and account transfers for fiscal year 2026, all of which is from the General Fund. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-12(2)(c) Individuals & B | | Regulatory impactUCA 36-12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ∀ |
| SB 258 | Inmate Education Funding Amendments | McKell, Michael K. | This bill: *increases the state markup on spirituous liquor and wine to fund the Inmate Education Restricted Account; *creates the Inmate Education Restricted Account; *defines the uses for the funds in the Inmate Education Restricted Account; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ filed | None | | Adult Education | | | |

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| Last Updated | 3/14/2025 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill | | | | | Brown | | | | | Bill Passed |
| Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 259 Sub. 1 | State Holiday Amendments | Stratton, Keven J. | This bill: -designates certain days and time periods of special religious significance as state holy days; -provides that a state holy day is not a legal holiday, unless expressly provided otherwise; -designates Easter Sunday as a legal holiday, but one that is not recognized on the preceding Friday or the following Monday; and -provides that a state employee may use the state employee's personal preference day to recognize a state holy day or for any other purpose. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation)R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| SB.260 | Individual Digital Identity Amendments | Cullimore, Kirk A. | This bill: *defines terms; *establishes guiding principles for the implementation of a state-endorsed digital identity; *outlines state policy regarding state-endorsed digital identity; *creates requirements for a state-endorsed digital identity program; and *requires the Department of Government Operations to study and make recommendations regarding the implementation of a state-endorsed digital identity. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents | Data Privacy | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. | ¥ |
| SB 265 Sub. 1 | Utah Constitutional Sovereignty Act Amendments | Sandall, Scott D. | This bill: *expands the definition of "government officer" under the Utah Constitutional Sovereignty Act (Sovereignty Act to include employees of public school districts and institutions of higher education; *replaces a concurrent resolution with legislation as the format for legislative action under the Sovereignty Act; *modifies the time at which notice is provided to tribal governments regarding legislative action; *addresses requirements for amending or repealing legislation passed under the Sovereignty Act; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Board Policy Generally | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| SB 267 | Charter School Authorizer Amendments | Johnson, John D. | This bill: *establishes a uniform funding mechanism for charter school authorizers (authorizers); *creates startup funding for a new authorizer; *modifies provisions for the State Charter School Board; *creates procedures for charter schools to transfer between authorizers; *reallocates administrative funding; *adds fee payment compliance to charter school requirements; *modifies asset distribution priorities in school closures; *includes authorizer fees in grounds for termination; and *makes technical changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation may cost a charter school approximately \$150 per student in fees to their authorizer for authorization and oversight services as outlined in the bill, for an estimated aggregate impact of \$10.3 million beginning in FY 2027. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This million des not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | State Charter School Board | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| DILLS - | 230 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) | | | | |
| SB 272 | Micro-education Entity Amendments | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: *expands the types of facilities in which a micro-education entity or home-based microschool may operate by expanding the sets of occupancy requirements the facility may satisfy; *removes certain square footage requirements; and *excludes a micro-education entity or home-based microschool from a definition of "school" that subjects schools to certain administrative regulations. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-12(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | School Safety | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small reduction in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| SB 277 Sub. 4 | Government Records Management Amendments | McKell, Michael K. | This bill: *defines terms; *creates the office within the division and describes the functions of the office; *requires the governor to appoint the director of the office, in consultation with the *executive director of the department, and with the advice and consent of the Senate; *describes the term of office, qualifications, and duties of the director; *directs the Division of Human Resource Management to conduct a performance survey and evaluation of the director on a specified schedule; *repeals the committee; *provides that the director will replace the committee in fulfilling the duties currently assigned to the committee, including the duty to decide appeals under the Government Records Access and Management Act; *makes the government records ombudsman an employee of the office; *prants rulemaking authority to the director of the office; *provides for the transition from the committee to the director of the office; *provides that an individual in an executive branch management position is subject to the record amendment or retention policy created by the governor; *makes technical and conforming changes; and *Includes a coordination clause to resolves conflicts between this bill and S.B. 163, Government Records Amendments, to allow the changes in S.B. 163 to work within the provisions of this bill that replace the State Records Committee with the director of the Government Records Office. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | GRAMA | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| SB.279 | High School Rodeo Amendments | McKell, Michael K. | This bill: **amends the definition of "valid excuse" to include a student that competes in a rodeo sanctioned by certain organizations; and **makes technical changes. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/newprogram | Attendance | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ∀ |
| SB 281 | Corporal Punishment in Schools Amendments | Grover, Keith | This bill: *defines terms related to corporal punishment and physical discipline; *modifies the definition of corporal punishment in the public education code; *creates criminal penalties for using certain implements to inflict physical discipline; *coordinates child welfare code definitions with new criminal provisions; *establishes exceptions for specified circumstances; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUcA 35-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| TOTAL | | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | Rill Passed |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 288 Sub. 1 | Employment Investigation Records Amendments | Pitcher, Stephanie | This bill: *defines terms; *makes a record of alleged employment or workplace misconduct (investigation record) a private record; *prohibits the disclosure of an investigation record while an investigation is proceeding; *describes the circumstances under which an investigation record must be released; *identifies the information that must be redacted from an investigation record when the record is disclosed; *places limitations on the length of time an investigation may proceed without an investigation record being subject to release; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | UPAAC | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SR 295 Sub. 2 | Property Rate Amendments | McCay, Daniel | This bill: *allows a taxing entity that reduces the taxing entity's budget below the previous year's budgeted revenue to increase, for a period of five years, the budget up to the base year budget without complying with the truth in taxation notice and public hearing requirements; *repeals the requirement for a portion of revenue generated by the statewide multicounty assessing and collecting levy to be set aside for county distributions through the Property Tax Valuation Fund and redirects the set aside amount to the Multicounty Appraisal Trust; and *makes technical changes. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that local entities voluntarily reduce their budgets as a result of the provisions of this legislation, there could be an unknown revenue reduction which would potentially be offset in subsequent years by increases back to base year certified budget levels without undergoing truth in taxation. Changes to the multicounty levy could reduce revenues to counties by \$1.4 million. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that local entities budget less than their certified budgets, there could be an unknown property tax decrease for individuals and businesses taxed by these entities. If those same entities increase taxes without going through truth in taxation during the exemption period, the initial decrease could be offset in part or in whole. Restricting the income approach to rental income potential may change the valuation of some properties and cause tax shifts. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |
| SB 305 | Water Wise Landscaping Amendments | Stratton, Keven J. | This bill: *defines terms; *imposes landscaping requirements related to state government facilities; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 307 | Education Legislative Committee Amendments | Stratton, Keven J. | This bill: *defines a term; *creates the Legislative Education Evaluation Commission (commission); *outlines the commission's membership; *establishes a repeal date for the commission; and *grants the commission various powers and duties. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| TOTAL BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| BILLS = | 238 | | | | | | | | | |
| Bill Number | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) | | | | |
| SB 308 | Dual Language Immersion Amendments | McCay, Daniel | This bill: *defines terms; *makes technical and conforming changes; *requires universities to teach certain upper-level concurrent enrollment courses; *requires a qualified teacher to teach certain courses; and *allows a local education agency to partner with state institutions outside the service area that contains the local education agency. | Senate/ filed | None | Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-12(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Humanities | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 321 | Public Education Funding Amendments | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: *removes a hold harmless provision related to voted and board levies; *provides for a graduated phase out of the hold harmless provision; and *makes technical corrections. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) To the extent that local taxation rates remain the same, enactment of this legislation may shift funding among participating school districts beginning in FY 2027 due to the reduction of state hold harmless provisions outlined in the bill. The amount of this state funding shift will vary based on local property rates levied by the local school board and the qualification of state funding under the program. The bill establishes a three-year transition period, ensuring that no district receives less than its FY 2025 allocation in PY 2026. In subsequent years, some districts may see a gradual reduction in state funding as the hold harmless provisions phase out. The overall funding reallocation is estimated to average between \$883,800 and \$1,015,400 per district, though actual impacts may vary based on local tax rates and program qualification. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill idoes not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Financial Operations | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 323 | Asset and Investment Review Task Force | Stratton, Keven J. | This bill: *creates the Asset and Investment Review Task Force (task force); *provides the task force's membership and duties; *addresses vacancies, salaries and expenses, and staffing; *allows the task force to contract with a qualified person to study cash, cash equivalents, and investments held by government entities and analyze investment options for those public funds; and *provides a sunset date for the task force. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| SB 327 Sub. 4 | Public Sector Labor Organization Definition Amendments | Fillmore, Lincoln | This bill: •defines terms related to public sector labor organizations; •provides that private employees have a right to collectively bargain with their employers; •includes a coordination clause to have the changes to Section 34-32-101 in this bill supersede Section 34-32-101 in H.B. 267, Public Sector Labor Union Amendments, if both pass and become law, and •makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(Z)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(Z)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |

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| SB 330 Sub. 4 | Cosmetology Modifications | Sandall, Scott D. | This bill: *defines terms; *creates a scope of practice for professionals regulated by the Cosmetology and Associated Professions Licensing Act; *restructures the existing Cosmetology and Associated Professions Licensing Board; *restructures the licensing Act; *restructures the qualifications for licensure for professionals regulated by the Cosmetology and Associated Professions Licensing Act; *restructures the qualifications for licensure for professionals regulated by the Cosmetology and Associated Professions Licensing Act; *establishes standards for apprenticeship for professionals regulated by the Cosmetology and Associated Professions Licensing Act; *addresses unprofessional conduct; *allows a school to receive curriculum approval from the Division of Professional Licensing; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | | This legislation could also cause an estimated 13 to pay \$500 citations, which aggregates to \$6,500 annually. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Career and Technical Education | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2/d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small reduction in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | ✓ |
| SB 332 | Artificial Intelligence Revisions | Cullimore, Kirk A. | This bill: • extends the repeal date of the Artificial Intelligence Policy Act to July 1, 2027. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | Data Privacy | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | V |

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| Bill Number HOUSE BILLS | Title | Bill Sponsor | Bill Summary | Status | Board Position | Fiscal Impact Summary | Impacted Programs | Regulatory Impact | Performance Evaluation | Bill Passed out of Legislature |
| SB 337 Sub.1 | Land Use and Development Amendments | Cullimore, Kirk A. | This bill: *defines terms and modifies definitions; *provides a severability provision; *creates the Beehive Development Agency (agency) under Utah Constitution, Article XI, as a political subdivision of the state that is an independent, nonprofit, separate body corporate and politic, with perpetual succession, and a public corporation; *provides that appropriations to the agency are nonlapsing; *establishes the agency board and describes the agency powers and duties; *edscribes the purposes of a significant community impact project; *creates a revolving loan fund and establishes a loan committee; *authorizes the agency to create a public infrastructure district for a significant community project area; *edscribes the potential revenue sources of a significant community impact project area, including property tax differential and revenue generated by certain taxes; *repeals provisions establishing the Governor's Office of Economic Opportunity (office) board of directors and the Unified Economic Opportunity Corminision; *creates the Economic Opportunity Coordinating Council (council); *changes the executive director of the office to the commissioner of the office; *provides that the commissioner of the office shalls: *receive guidance from the council regarding statewide strategic objectives; *establish strategies for and actively support entrepreneurship and small business development; *coordinate economic development activities; and *coordinate with various departments and officials in order to consolidate certain state housing programs from the Division of Housing and Community Development within the office by July 1, 2025; *removes the sunset on the Utah Housing Corporation; and *makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ filed | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation permits the Beehive Development Agency to receive a portion of the property tax differential generated in a project areas. The Agency could receive 75% of the property tax differential for the first 25 years and 50% for the next 15 years if approved by resolution, within the project area. To the extent that property tax differential occurs within these areas, this bill may result in forgone property tax revenue to taxing entities in the project area and increased revenue in the same amount to the Beehive Development Agency. The aggregate impact is unknown, and is dependent on when and where project areas are created. To the extent that the agency receives a portion of the property tax differential generated in project areas, enactment of this legislation could shift liability within the project area for the minimum school levy to other districts throughout the state. The Beehive Development Agency Board will have the power to hire an Executive Director for the Agency as well as other staff as needed. The compensation for these staff and board members who are not legislators would be paid using property tax differential or other sources of funds received by the Agency. Enactment of this legislation could cost the Beehive Development Agency an unknown amount annually from its unrestricted funds for requested services like banking, legal, financial, human resources, information technology, etc. from the State Treasurer's Office, the Attorney General's Office, and the Department of Government Operations. Enactment of this legislation allows the Beehive Development Agency to levy under certain circumstances: accommodations tax, energy sales and use tax, transient room tax, resort communities tax, and additional resort communities tax. The aggregate impact to local government from forgone revenue is unknown, and is dependent on if, when, and where impact project areas are areated, which taxes are imposed, the rate that they are imposed at, and the qu | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(Z/d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |

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| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | | | | | |
| SB 338 Sub. 1 | Governmental Nonprofit Corporations Act Amendments | Winterton, Ronald M. | This bill: *modifies the definition of "governmental nonprofit corporation" to exclude the Utah Association of Special Districts; *clarifies that a private nonprofit organization that is not a public employees' association is not required to post employee compensation information online; and *requires a governmental nonprofit corporation to post financial information on the Utah Public Finance Website. | Enrolled Bill Returned to House or Senate | None | Local GovernmentUcA 36-12-13(2)(c) Fnactment of this legislation could result in minimal costs to local governments to post financial information on the Utah Public Finance Website. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation R1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation could result in a small increase in the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | \triangleright |
| SB 339 | School Bus Modifications | Blouin, Nate | This bill: **addresses which students are eligible for state-supported transportation; and **clarifies how the distance from a school is measured. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation could cost Local Education Agencies (LEAs) \$159,000 no-etime and \$70,600 ongoing beginning in FY 2026 for each additional bus needed to fulfill the transportation requirements as outlined in the bill. This could result in total estimated costs to LEAs of approximately \$277.6 million in one-time expenses for school bus purchases and \$29.7 million in ongoing annual transportation costs. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation]R1-4-601 This bill creates a new program or significantly expands an existing program. For a list of questions lawmakers might ask to improve accountability for the proposed program, please see: https://budget.utah.gov/meyprogram | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| SB 342 | Utah Schools for the Deaf and Blind Facilities Amendments | Pitcher, Stephanie | This bill: •clarifies that the Utah Schools for the Deaf and the Blind are subject to Title 63A, Chapter 5b, Part 4, Development of Capital Facilities; and •makes technical and conforming changes. | Senate/ filed | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
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| SENATE CONCURRENT RESOLUTIONS | | | | | | | | | | J |
| SCR.2 | Concurrent Resolution Encouraging Practices that Promote Child Independence | Fillmore, Lincoln | This resolution: *highlights the importance of free play and child independence; *supports children engaging in independent activities; *encourages school districts, school administrators, and teachers to utilize the Let Grow school program to help build independence; *encourages the State Board of Education to incorporate childhood independence throughout the core standards for Utah public schools; and *urges local governments and school districts to enact practices that encourage children to be able to explore, play, wander, and build independence. | Senate/ to Governor | None | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | \(\) |
| SENATE JOINT RESOLUTIONS | | | | | | | | | | |

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| HOUSE BILLS | | | | | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) | | |
| SJR 02 | Proposal to Amend Utah Constitution - Statewide Initiatives | Fillmore, Lincoln | This resolution proposes to amend the Utah Constitution to: *provides the circumstances under which a higher percentage of voters than a majority must approve a statewide initiative that proposes to impose a new tax or to increase the rate of an existing tax or the amount of revenue collected. | Senate/ to Lieutenant Governor | None | Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. | | Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory | | V |
| | | | | | | Performance EvaluationJR1-4-601 This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | burden for Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| | | | | | | Local GovernmentUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct, measurable costs for local governments. | | Regulatory ImpactUCA 36- 12-13(2)(d) | | |
| SJR 4 Sub. 2 | Joint Resolution Amending Court Rules on Attorney Confidentiality | Jennifer | This resolution: -amends Rule 26 of the Utah Rules of Civil Procedure to address the work-product doctrine with regard to a legislative audit; and -amends Rule 510 of the Utah Rules of Evidence to address the waiver of the attorney-client privilege with regard to a legislative audit. | Senate/ enrolled bill to Printing | None | Individuals & BusinessesUCA 36-12-13(2)(c) Enactment of this legislation likely will not result in direct expenditures from tax or fee changes for Utah residents and businesses. Performance Evaluation(R1-4-601 | | Enactment of this legislation likely will not change the regulatory burden for | | ~ |
| Senate Joint | | | | | | This bill does not create a new program or significantly expand an existing program. | | Utah residents or businesses. | | |
| Resolution | | | | | | | | | | |